

Anchored Correlation Explanation: Topic Modeling with Minimal Domain Knowledge

Ryan J. Gallagher

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github.com/gregversteeg/corex_topic



Northeastern University
Network Science Institute



~~Anchored Correlation~~

How to Topic Model with Literally Thousands of Information Bottlenecks



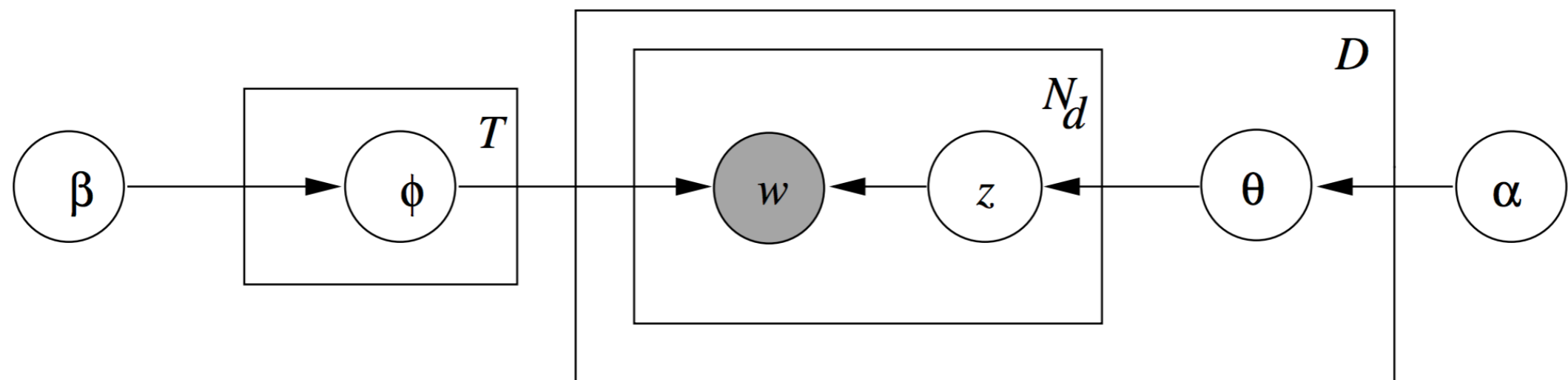
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LDA is a *generative* topic model

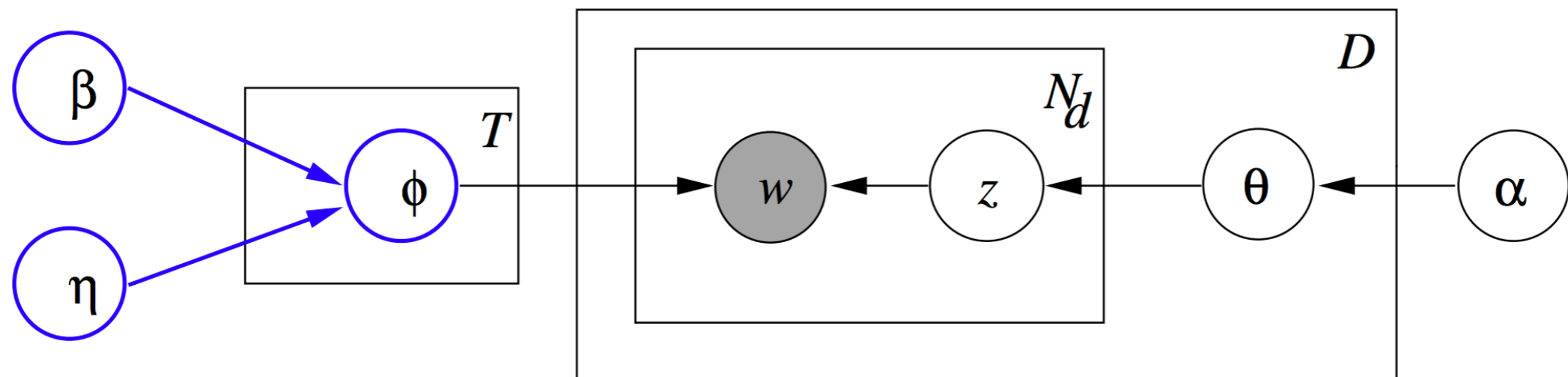


LDA is a *generative* topic model

The Good:

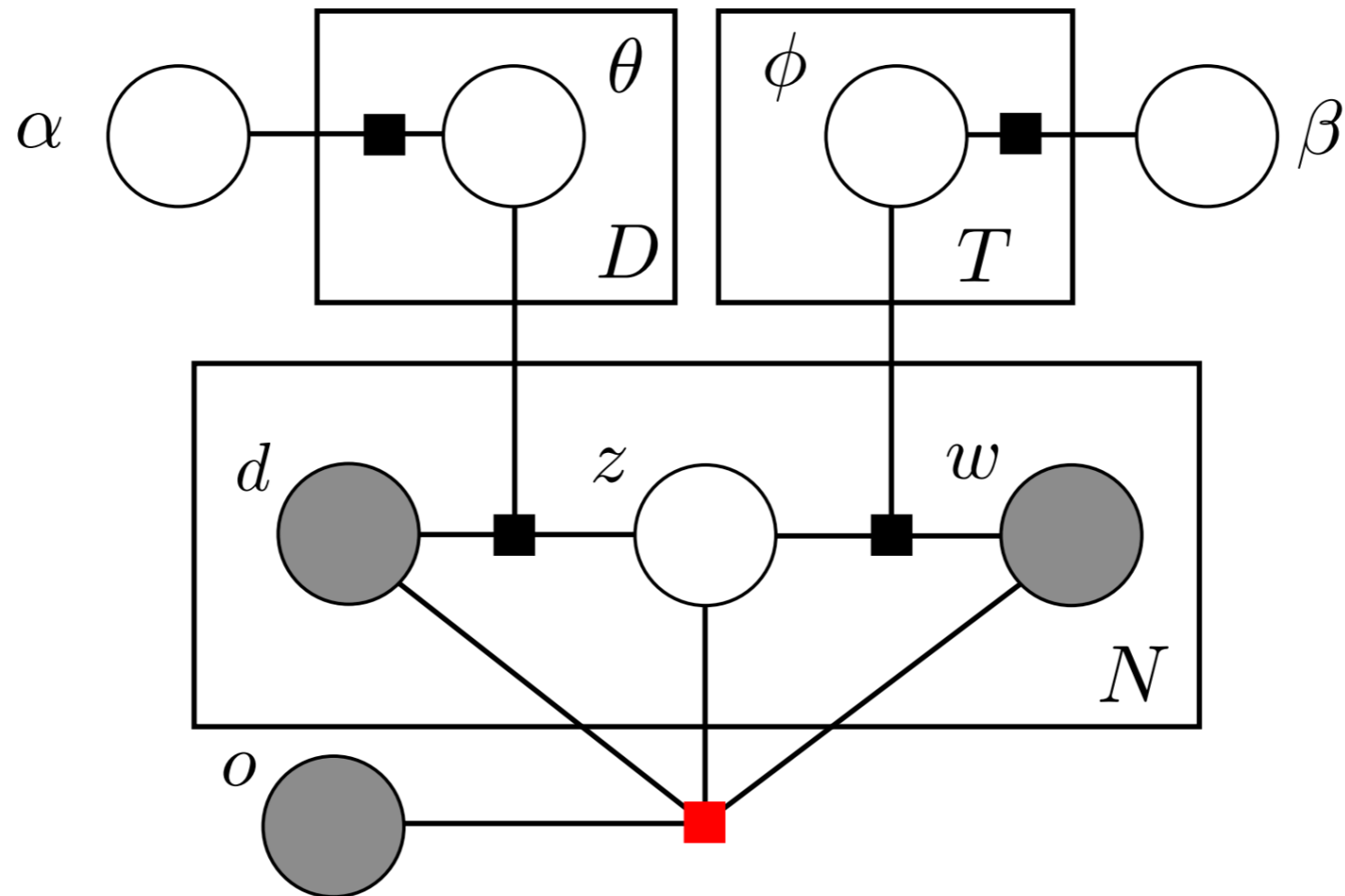
Priors explicitly encode your beliefs about what topics can be, and easily allow for iterative development of new topic models

Domain Knowledge via Dirichlet Forest Priors



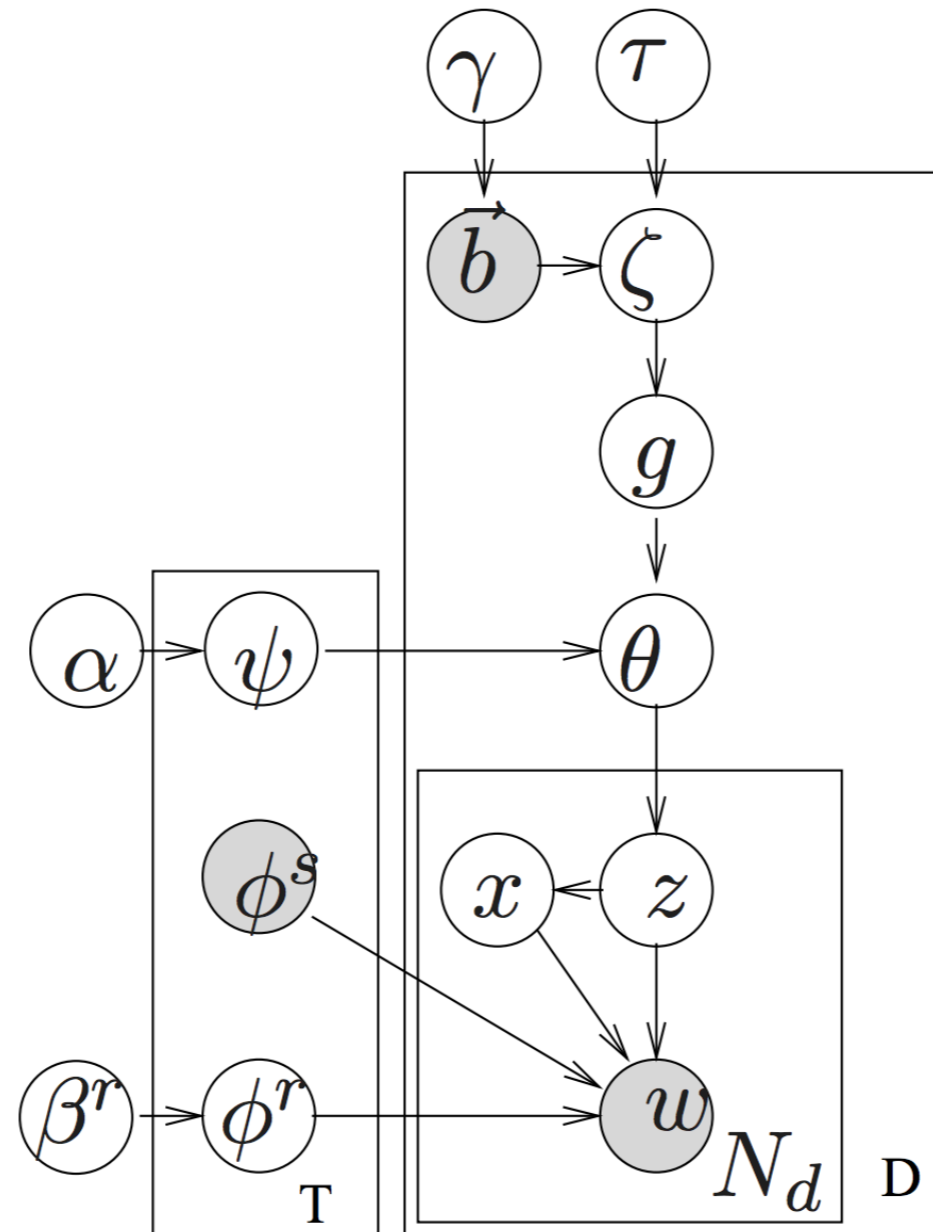
“Incorporating Domain Knowledge into Topic Modeling via Dirichlet Forest Priors.” Andrzejewski et al. *ICML* (2009)

Domain Knowledge via First-Order Logic



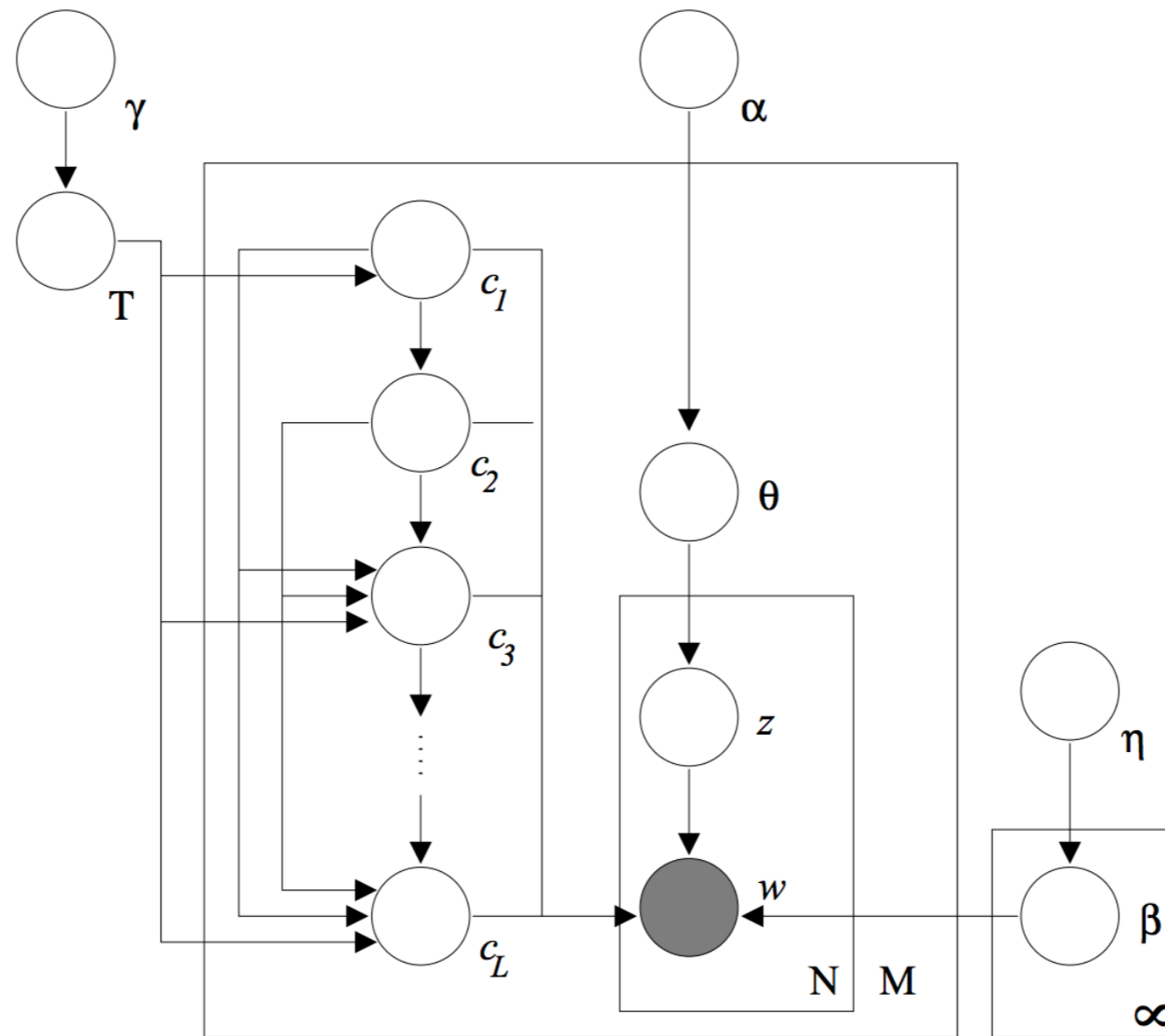
“A Framework for Incorporating General Domain Knowledge into Latent Dirichlet Allocation Using First-Order Logic.”
Andrzejewski et al. *IJCAI* (2011).

SeededLDA



“Incorporating Lexical Priors into Topic Models.” Jagarlamudi et al. *EACL* (2012)

Hierarchical LDA



“Hierarchical Topic Models and the Nested Chinese Restaurant Process.” Griffiths et al. *Neural Information Processing Systems* (2003).

A Generative Modeling Tradeoff

The Good:

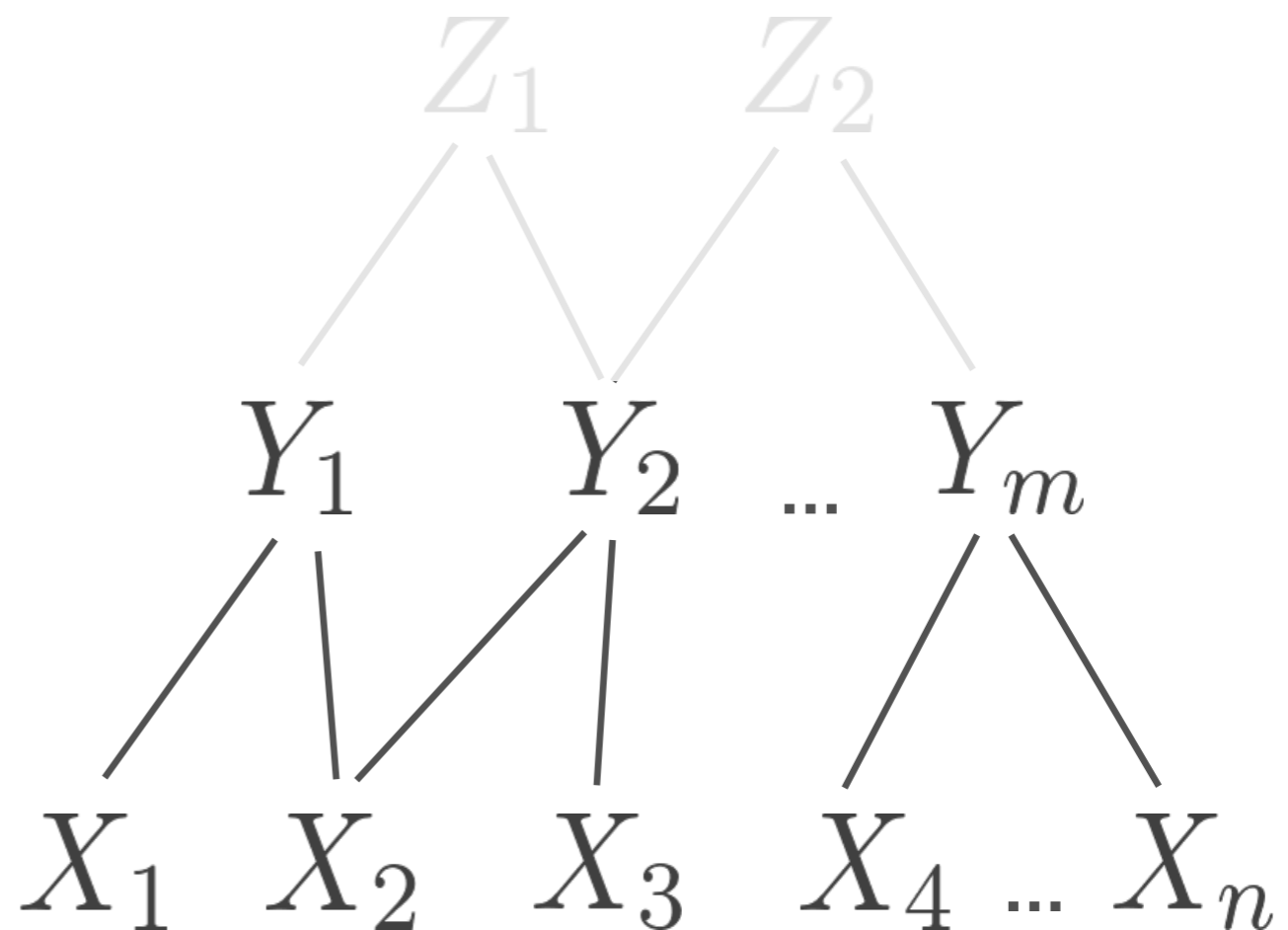
Priors explicitly encode your beliefs about what topics can be, and easily allow for iterative development of new topic models

The Bad:

Each additional prior takes a very specific view of the problem at hand, which both limits what a topic can be and makes it harder to justify in applications and to domain experts

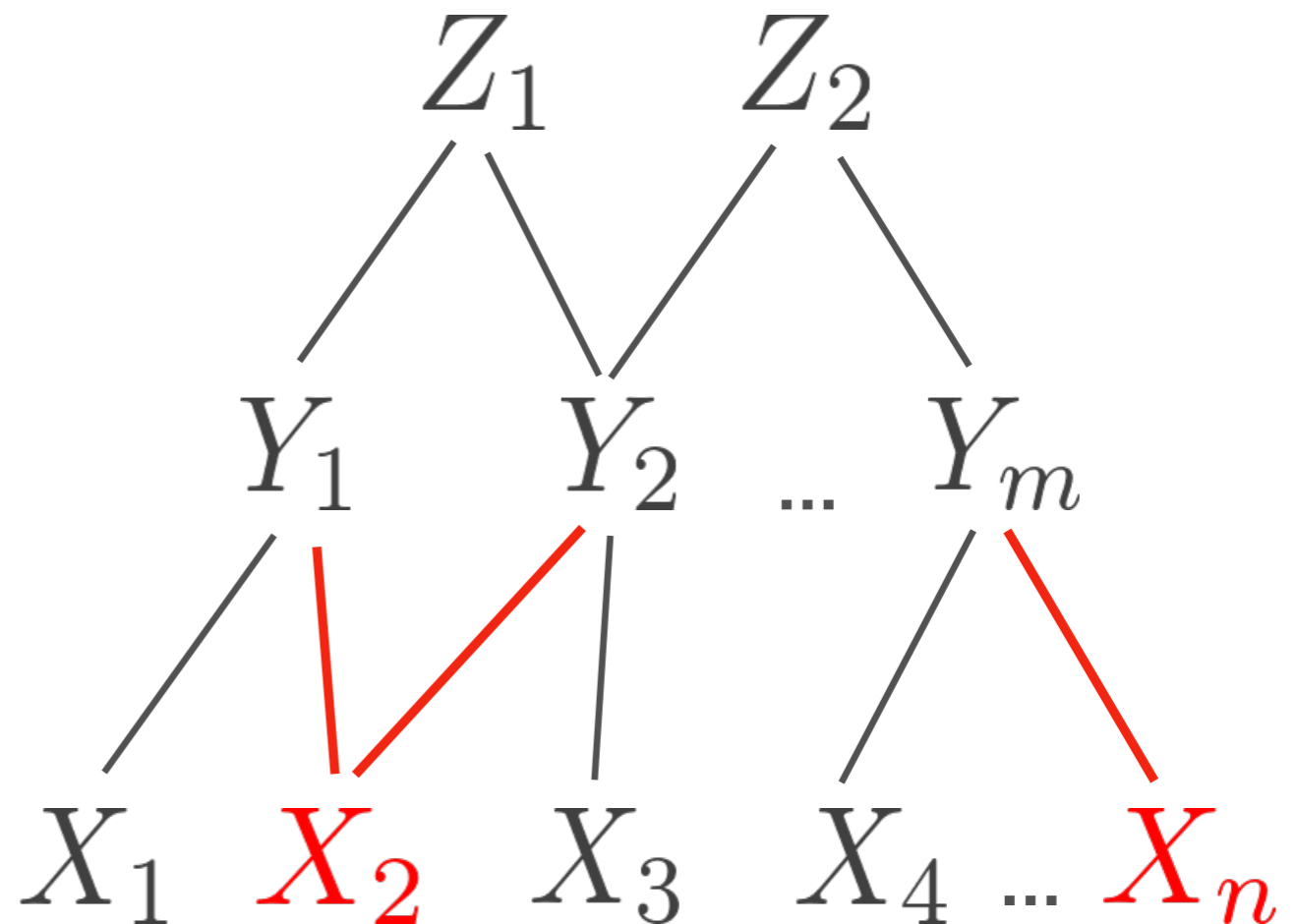
Proposed Work

We propose a topic model that learns topics through information-theoretic criteria, rather than a generative model within a framework that yields hierarchical and semi-supervised extensions with *no additional assumptions*



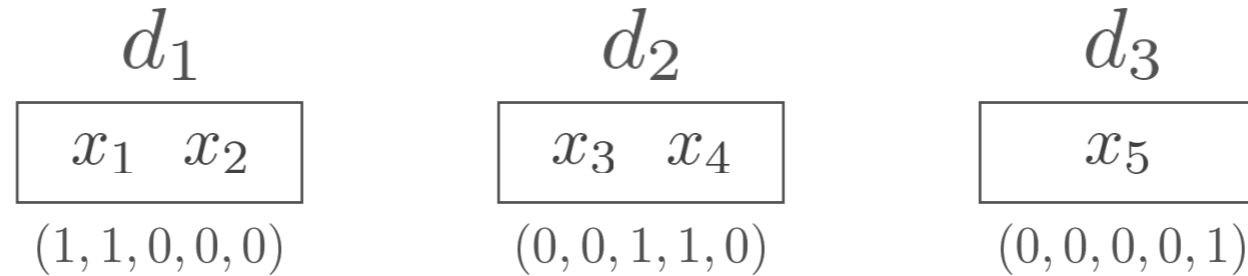
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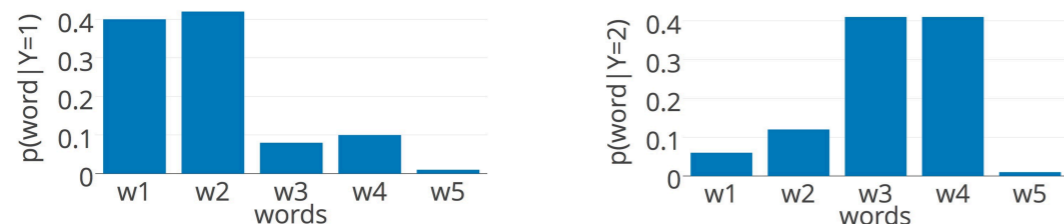


A Different Perspective on “Topics”

Consider three documents:



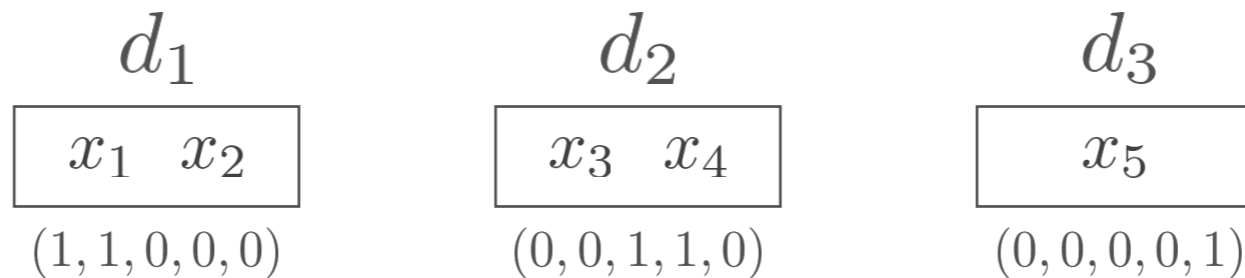
LDA: a topic is a distribution over words



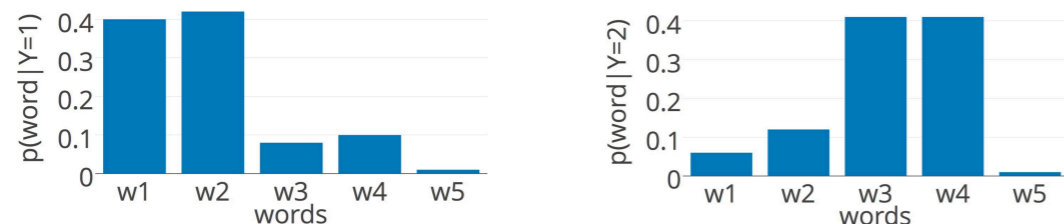
$$P(Y = 1) = 1 \xleftarrow{d_1} \xrightarrow{d_3} \xrightarrow{d_2} P(Y = 2) = 1$$

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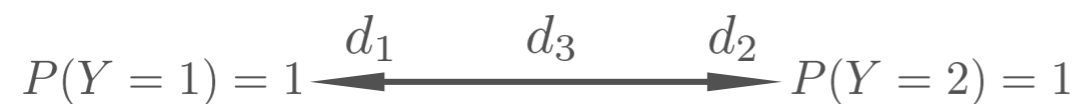
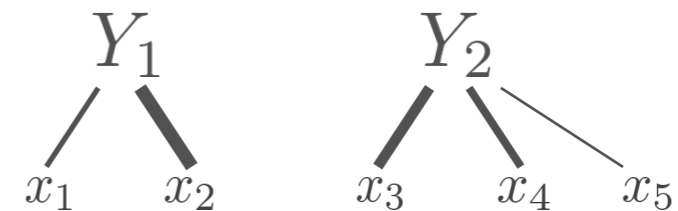
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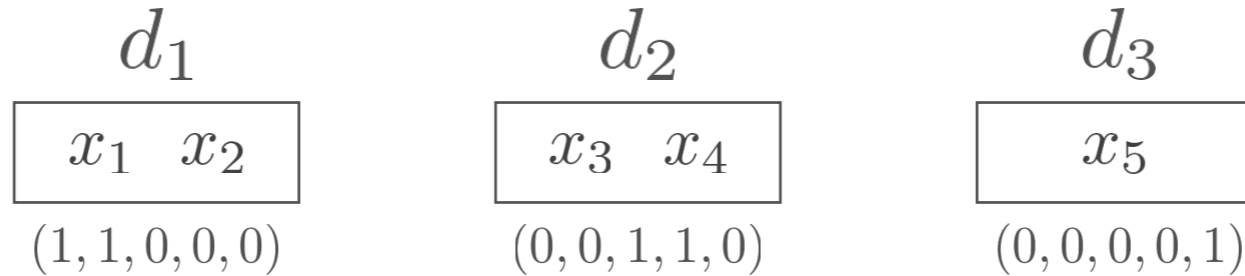


CorEx: a topic is a binary latent factor

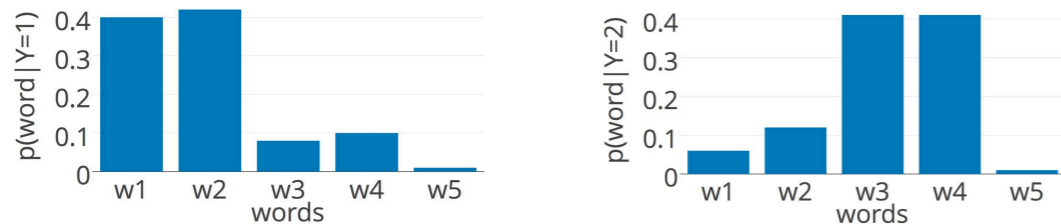


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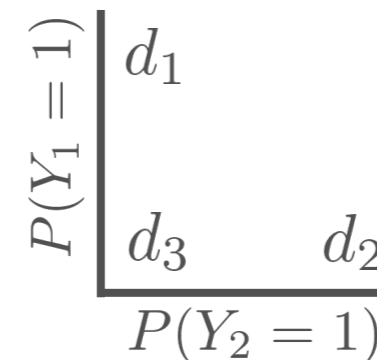
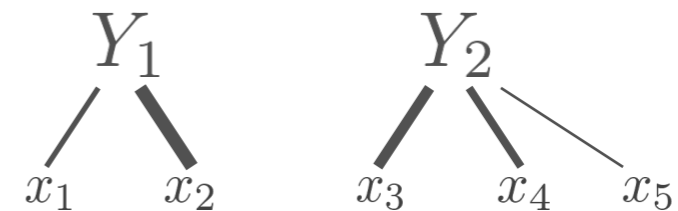
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LDA: a topic is a distribution over words



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CorEx Objective (example)

Documents

d_1	d_2
$x_1 \ x_2$	$x_3 \ x_4$
$(1, 1, 0, 0, 0)$	$(0, 0, 1, 1, 0)$

Probability table

	$X_2 = 0$	$X_2 = 1$
$X_1 = 0$	1/2	0
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Words 1 and 2 are related:

$$I(X_1 : X_2) = D_{KL}(p(x_1, x_2) || p(x_1)p(x_2)) = 1 \text{ bit}$$

CorEx Objective (example)

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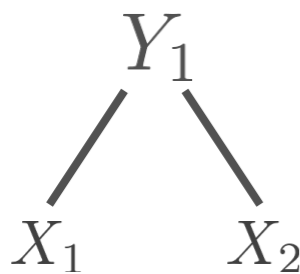
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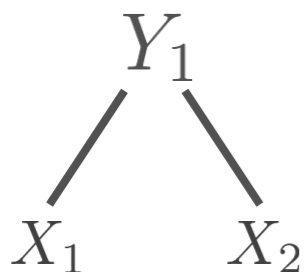
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Then conditioned on Y_1 , words 1 and 2 are independent

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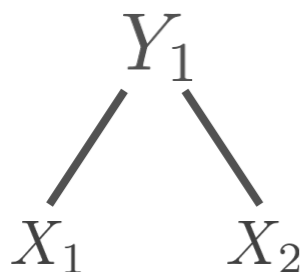
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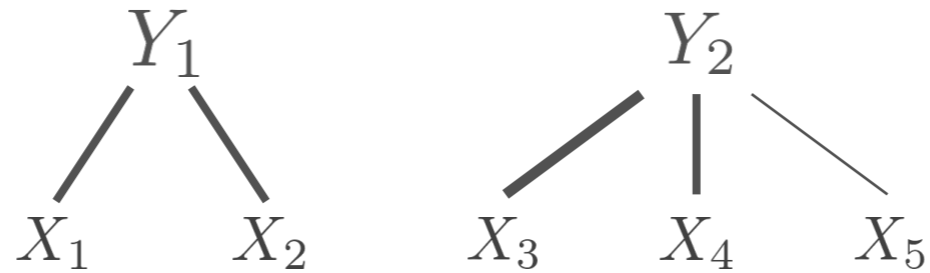
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Goal: find latent factors that make words conditionally independent

CorEx Objective

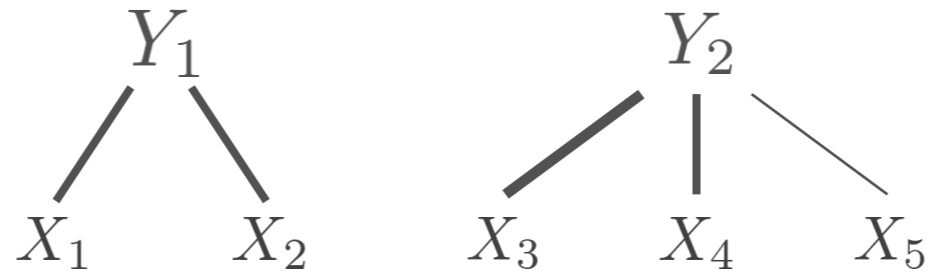
Goal: find latent factors that make words conditionally independent



$$\min_Y D_{KL} \left(p(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n | y) \parallel \prod_i p(x_i | y) \right)$$

CorEx Objective

Goal: find latent factors that make words conditionally independent

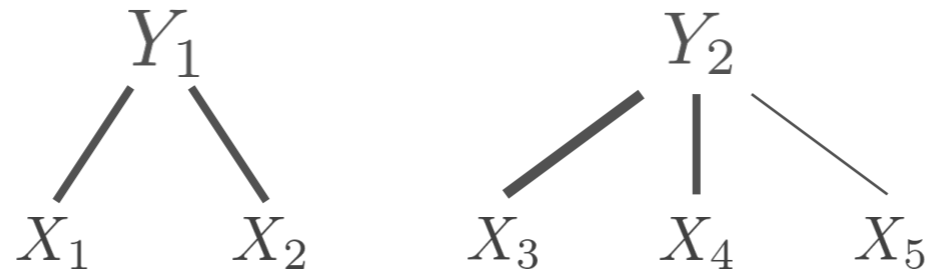


$$\min_Y D_{KL} \left(p(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n | y) \parallel \prod_i p(x_i | y) \right) = \min_Y \underline{TC(X_1, X_2, \dots, X_N | Y)}$$

Total correlation conditioned on Y

CorEx Objective

Goal: find latent factors that make words conditionally independent



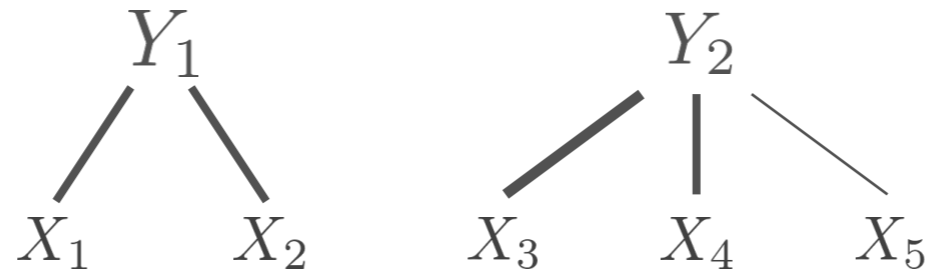
$$\min_Y D_{KL} \left(p(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n | y) \parallel \prod_i p(x_i | y) \right) = \min_Y TC(X_1, X_2, \dots, X_N | Y)$$

$TC(X | Y) = 0$ if and only if the topic “explains” all the dependencies (total correlation)

Hence, “Total **Cor**relation **Ex**planation” (CorEx)

CorEx Objective

Goal: find latent factors that make words conditionally independent



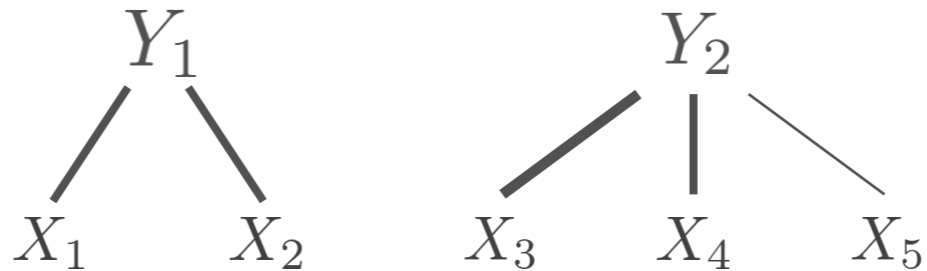
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In order to maximize the information $TC(X_{G_j})$ between a group of words G_j in topic j we consider a tractable lower bound:

$$TC(X_{G_j}) - TC(X_{G_j} | Y_j) \leq TC(X_{G_j})$$

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We maximize this lower bound over m topics

$$\max_{G_j, p(y_j | x_{G_j})} \sum_{j=1}^m TC(X_{G_j}) - TC(X_{G_j} | Y_j)$$

CorEx Objective

We can now rewrite the objective:

$$\max_{G_j, p(y_j | x_{G_j})} \sum_{j=1}^m TC(X_{G_j}) - TC(X_{G_j} | Y_j) = \max_{G_j, p(y_j | x_{G_j})} \sum_{j=1}^m \sum_{i \in G_j} I(X_i : Y_j) - I(X_{G_j} : Y_j)$$

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We transform this from a combinatorial to a continuous optimization by introducing variables $\alpha_{i,j} \in [0, 1]$ and “relaxing” words into informative topics

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This relaxation yields a set of update equations which we can iterate through until convergence

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Under the hood:

1. We introduce a sparsity optimization for the update equations,

$$O(N_{\text{docs}} n_{\text{types}}) \rightarrow O(N_{\text{docs}}) + O(n_{\text{types}}) + O(\rho_{\text{tokens}})$$

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These are issues of speed, not theory

CorEx Topic Examples

Data: news articles about Hillary Clinton's presidential campaign, up to August 2016

Work by Abigail Ross and the Computational Story Lab, University of Vermont

NAACL 2018, New Orleans, LA

 @ryanjgallag

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Clinton Article Topics

1: server, department, classified, information, private, investigation, fbi, email, emails, secretary

3: sanders, bernie, primary, vermont, win, voters, race, nomination, vote, polls

6: crowd, woman, speech, night, women, stage, man, mother, audience, life

8: percent, poll, points, percentage, margin, survey, according, 10, polling, university

9: federal, its, officials, law, including, committee, staff, statement, director, group

13: islamic, foreign, military, terrorism, war, syria, iraq, isis, u, terrorist

14: trump, donald, trump's, republican, nominee, party, convention, top, election, him

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Words ranked by mutual information with topic

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Clinton Article Topics

Topics ranked
by total
correlation

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Most informative topic

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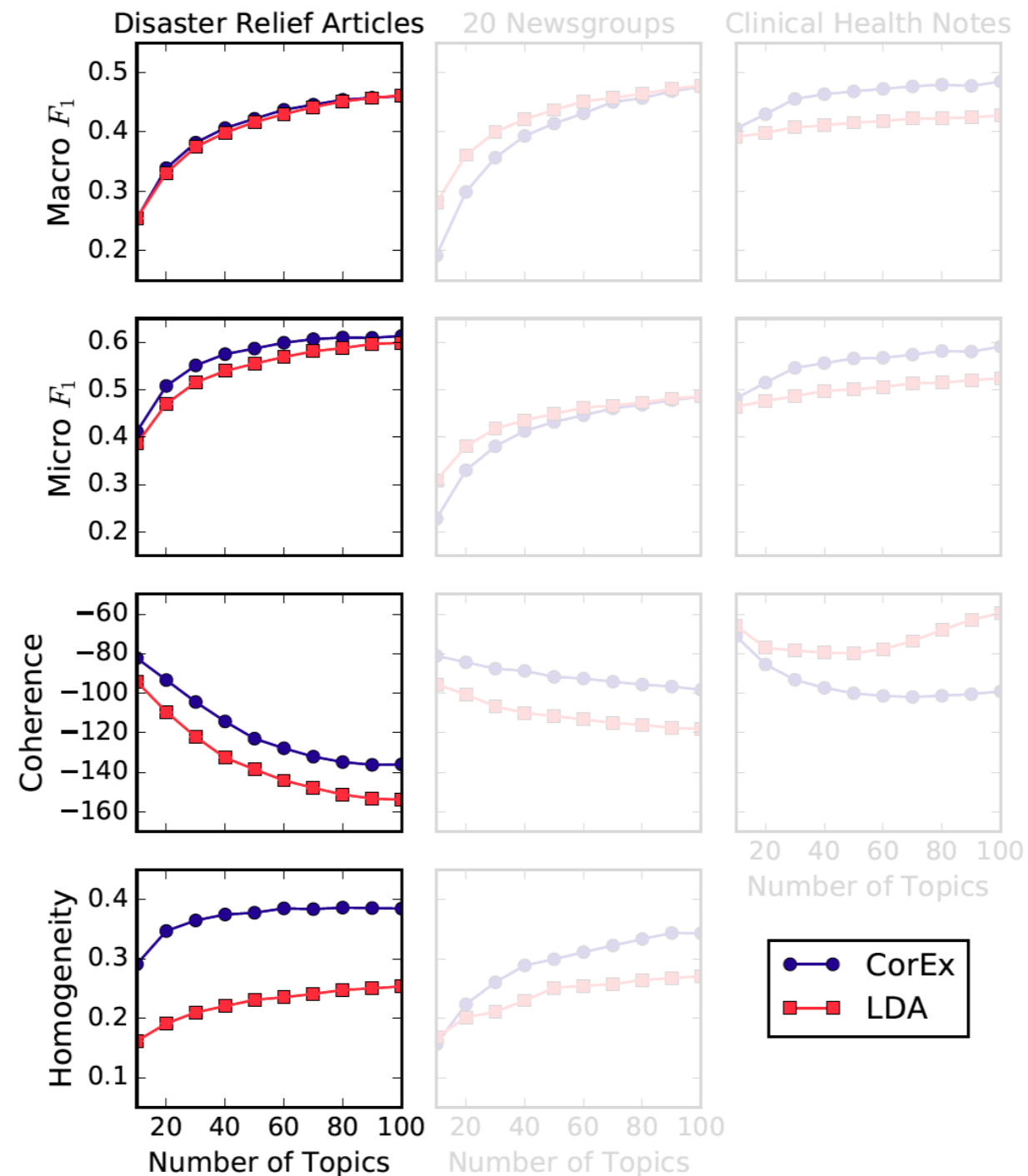
9: federal, its, officials, law, including, committee, staff, statement, director, group

13: islamic, foreign, military, terrorism, war, syria, iraq, isis, u, terrorist

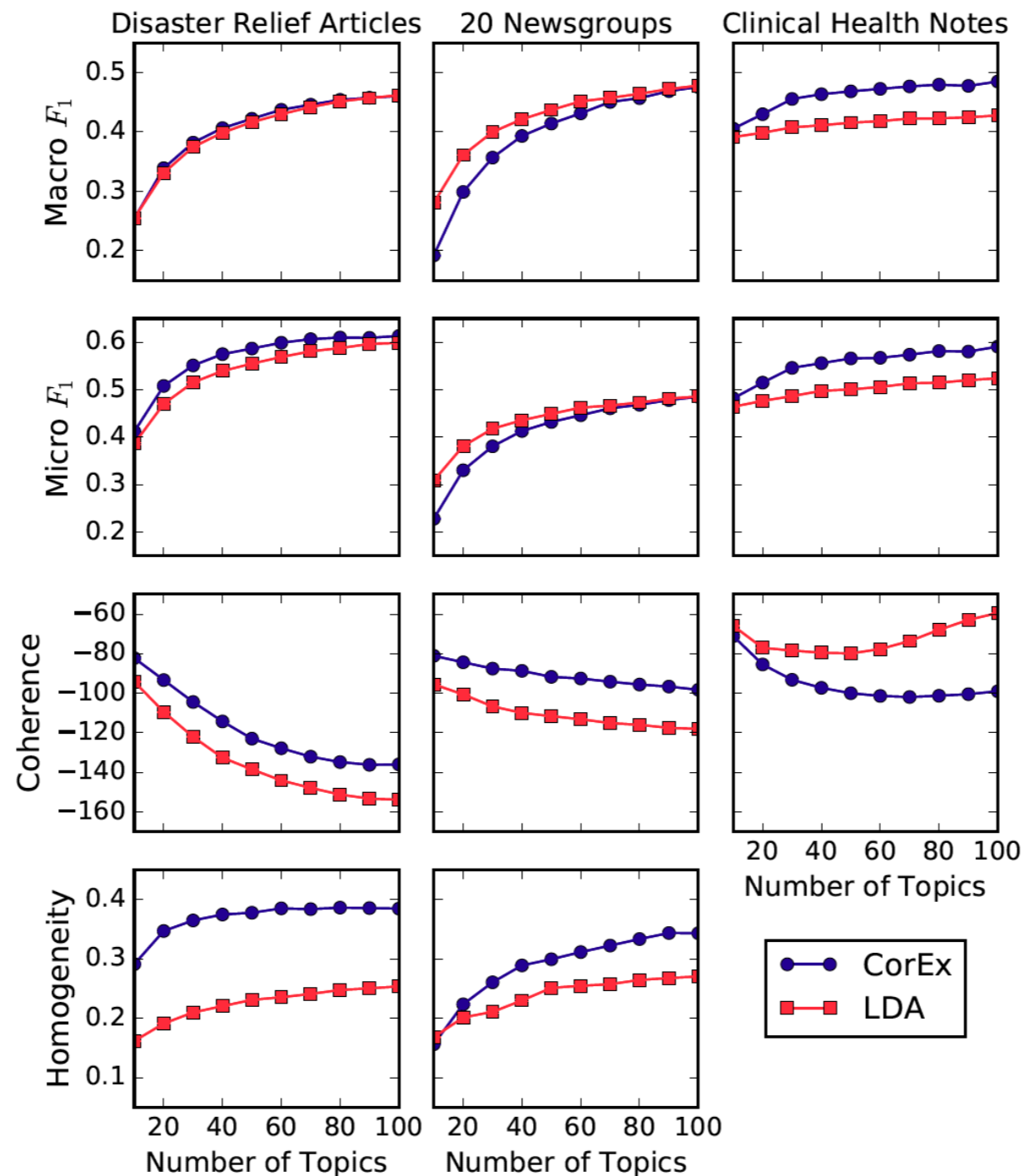
14: trump, donald, trump's, republican, nominee, party, convention, top, election, him

Work by Abigail Ross and the Computational Story Lab, University of Vermont

CorEx Performs Favorably Against LDA



CorEx Performs Favorably Against LDA

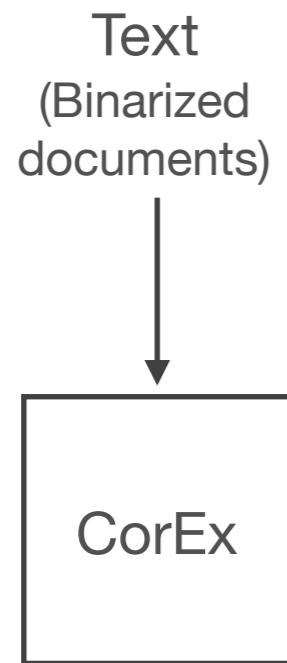


CorEx Extensions

With no additional assumptions, the CorEx topic model yields two extensions:

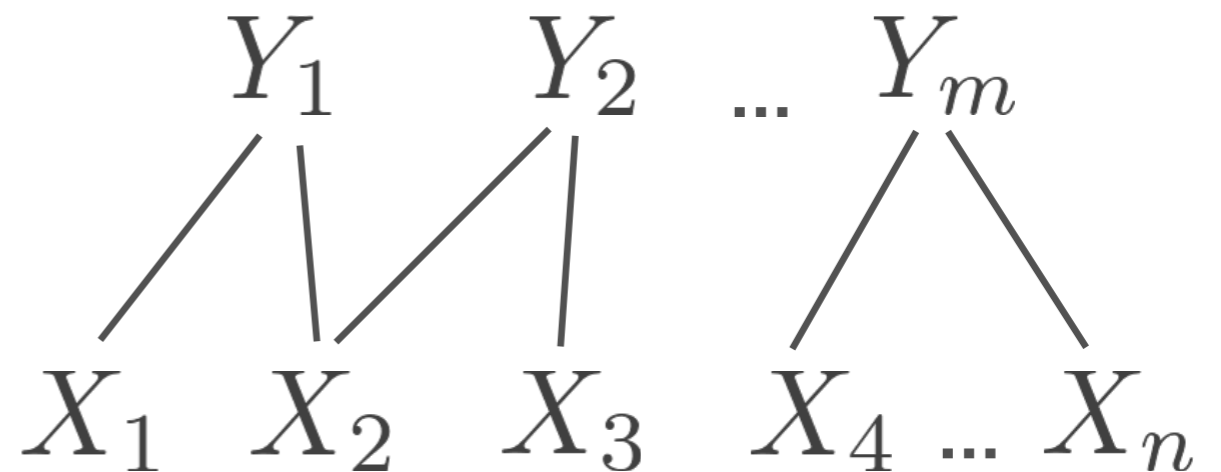
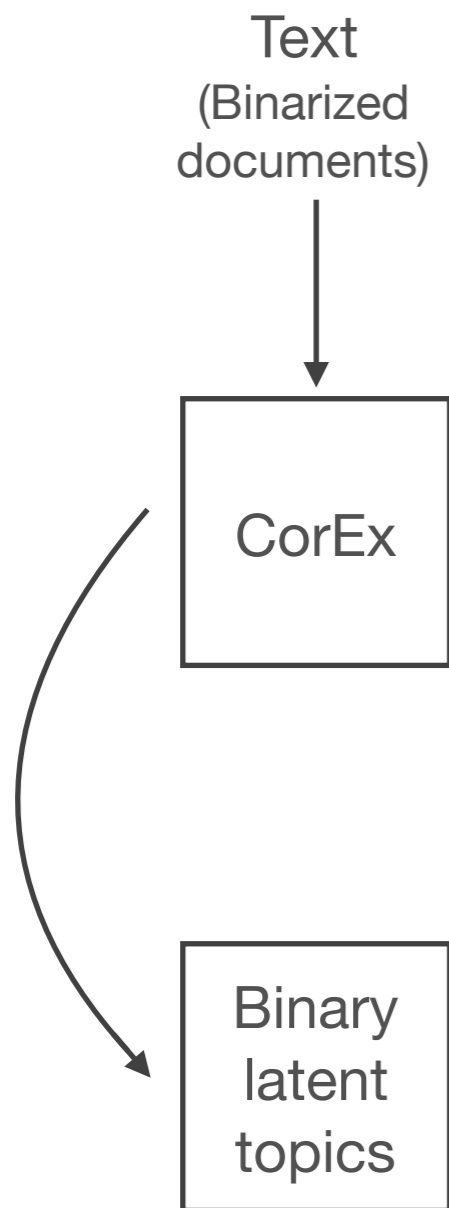
1. A hierarchical topic model
2. A semi-supervised topic model at the word level

Hierarchical CorEx

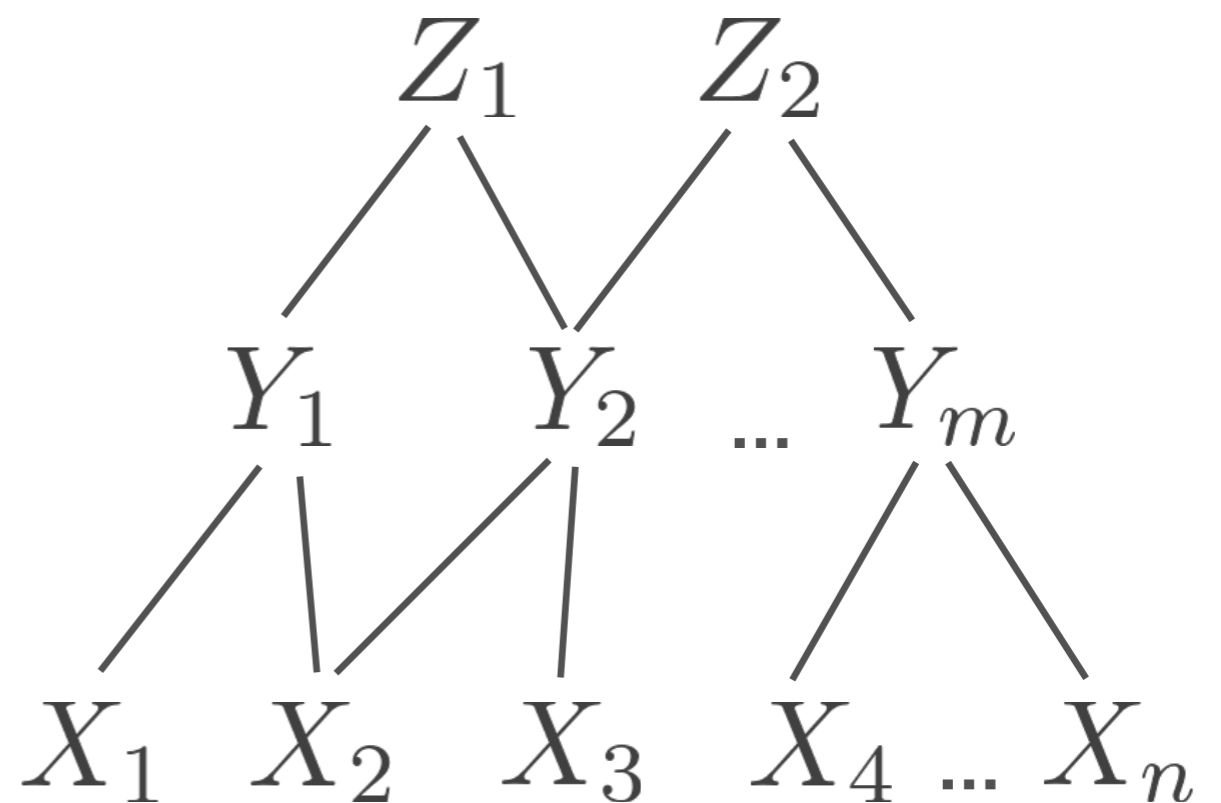
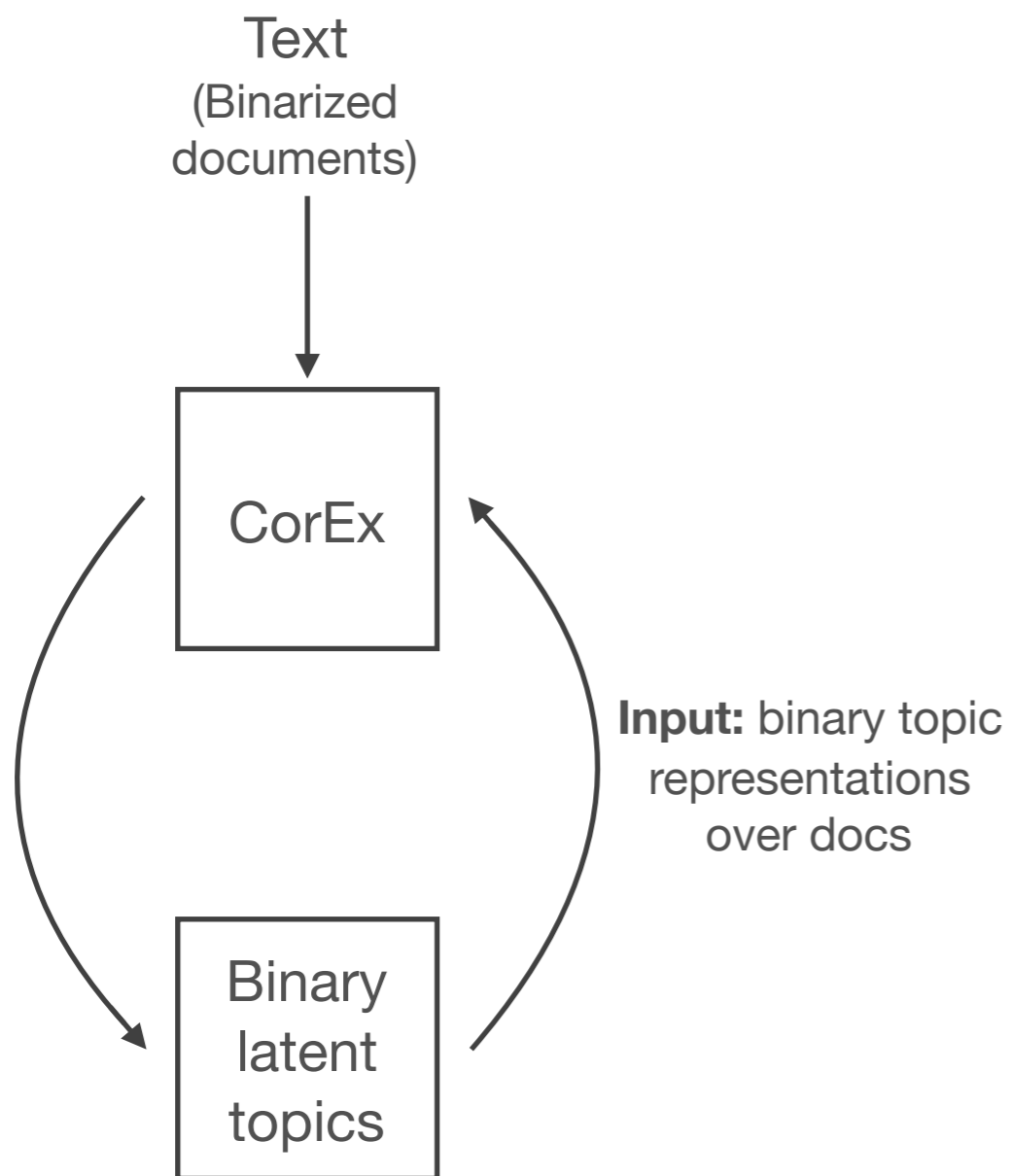


X_1 X_2 X_3 X_4 ... X_n

Hierarchical CorEx



Hierarchical CorEx

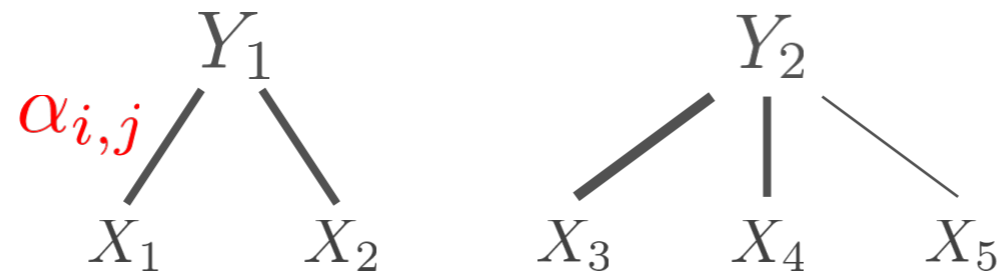


Hierarchical CorEx

Data: ~20,000 humanitarian assistance and disaster relief news articles

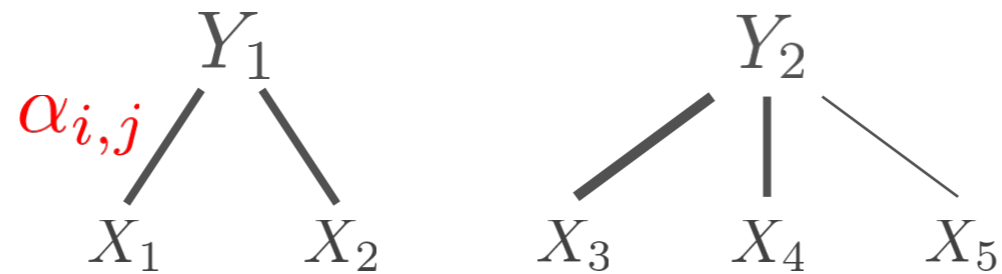


Anchored CorEx and the Information Bottleneck



Objective: $\max_{G_j, p(y_j | x_{G_j})} \sum_{j=1}^m \sum_{i \in G_j} \alpha_{i,j} I(X_i : Y_j) - I(X_{G_j} : Y_j)$

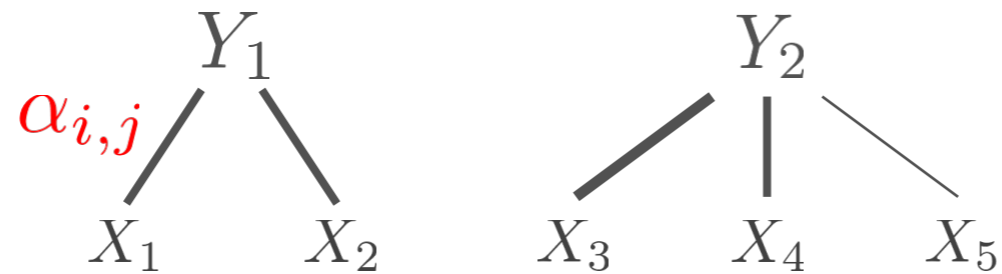
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Maintain information about individual words

Anchored CorEx and the Information Bottleneck

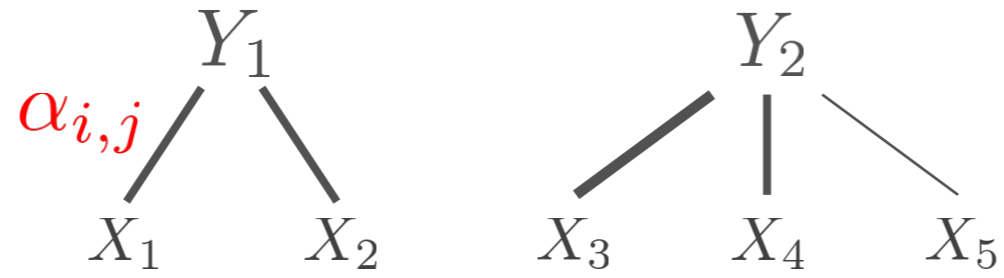


Objective: $\max_{G_j, p(y_j | x_{G_j})} \sum_{j=1}^m \sum_{i \in G_j} \alpha_{i,j} I(X_i : Y_j) - I(X_{G_j} : Y_j)$

Maintain information about individual words

Compress documents into topics

Anchored CorEx and the Information Bottleneck



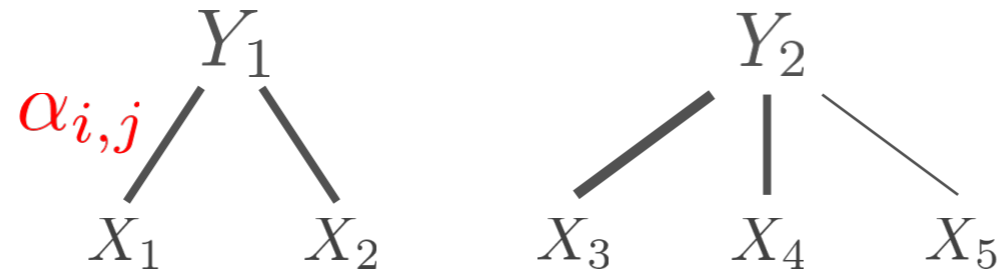
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Maintain information about individual words Compress documents into topics

Information bottleneck

“The Information Bottleneck Method.” Tishby et al. (2000).

Anchored CorEx and the Information Bottleneck



Objective:
$$\max_{G_j, p(y_j | x_{G_j})} \sum_{j=1}^m \sum_{i \in G_j} \alpha_{i,j} I(X_i : Y_j) - I(X_{G_j} : Y_j)$$

Maintain information about individual words Compress documents into topics

Information bottleneck

A user can **anchor** words to the latent topics by modifying the **weight** of the relationship between a word and a topic

“The Information Bottleneck Method.” Tishby et al. (2000).

Anchoring Strategies

Topic Representation

Anchoring to unveil topics that do not naturally emerge



Anchoring Strategies

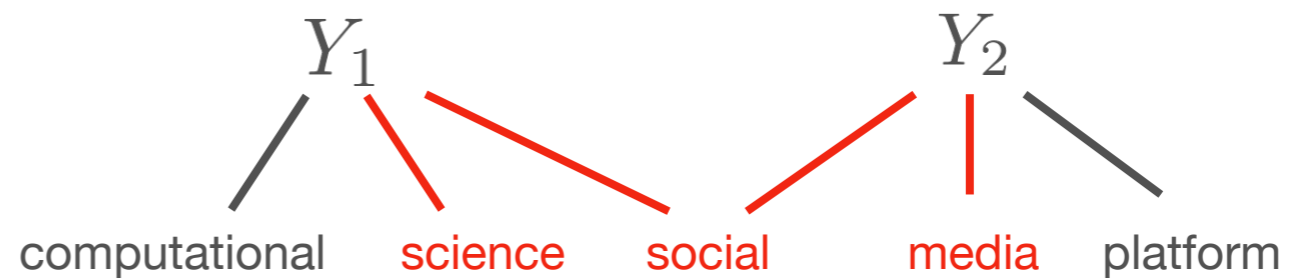
Topic Representation

Anchoring to unveil topics that do not naturally emerge



Topic Separability

Anchoring to help enforce separation between topics



Anchoring Strategies

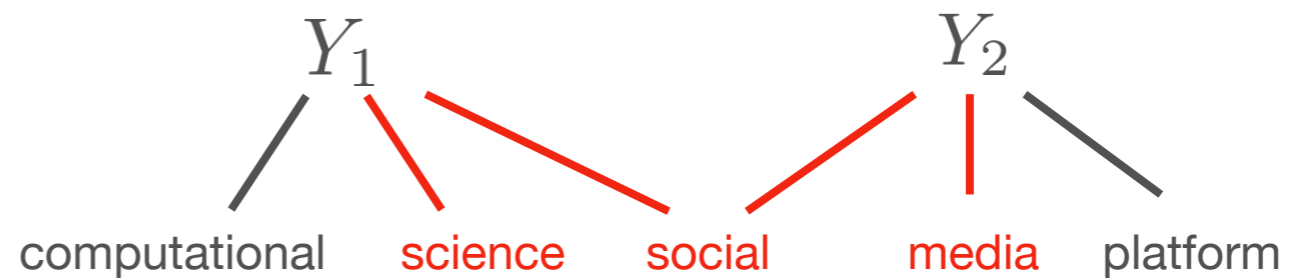
Topic Representation

Anchoring to unveil topics that do not naturally emerge



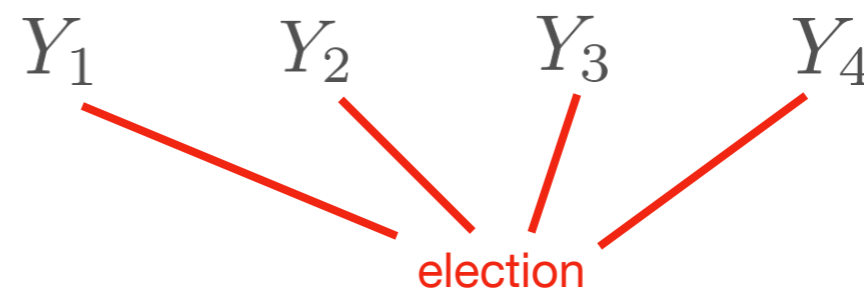
Topic Separability

Anchoring to help enforce separation between topics



Topic Aspects

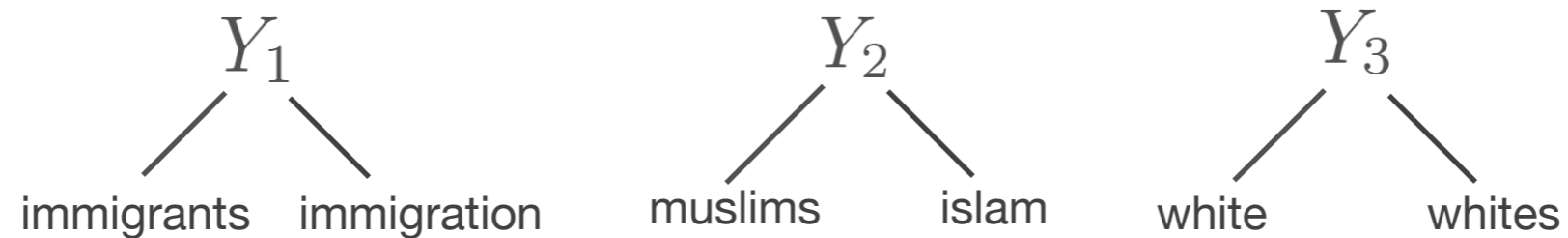
Anchoring to disambiguate different frames around a word



Anchoring for Topic Representation

Data: news articles about the campaigns of Clinton and Trump, up to August 2016

Method: train one CorEx topic model for each corpus, anchor words for comparison

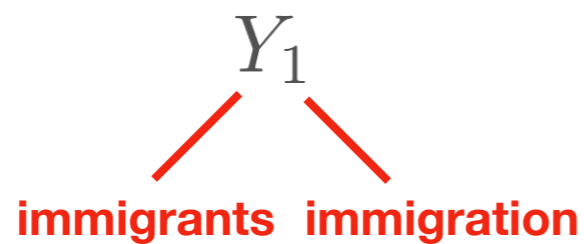


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Anchoring for Topic Representation

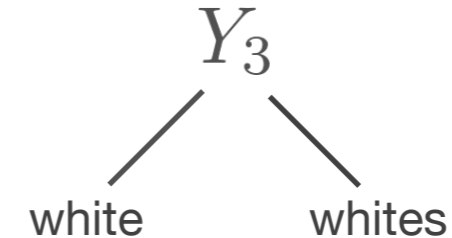
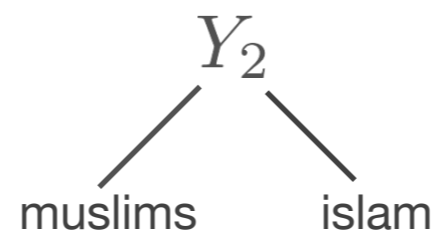
Data: news articles about the campaigns of Clinton and Trump, up to August 2016

Method: train one CorEx topic model for each corpus, anchor words for comparison



Clinton Topic

1: **immigration**, **immigrants**, jobs, economic, trade, health, tax, wall, care, economy



Trump Topic

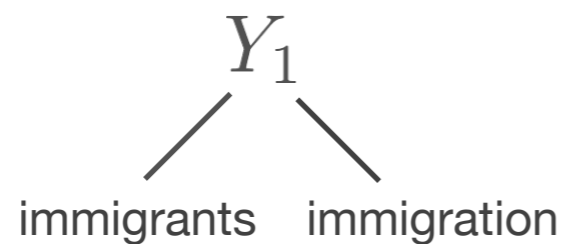
1: **immigration**, **immigrants**, illegal, border, mexican, undocumented, rapists, mexico, wall, illegally

Work by Abigail Ross and the Computational Story Lab, University of Vermont

Anchoring for Topic Representation

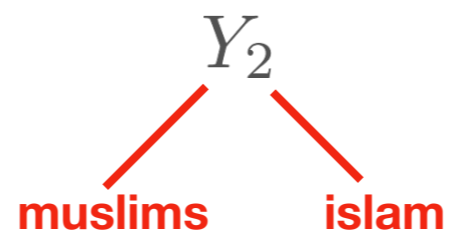
Data: news articles about the campaigns of Clinton and Trump, up to August 2016

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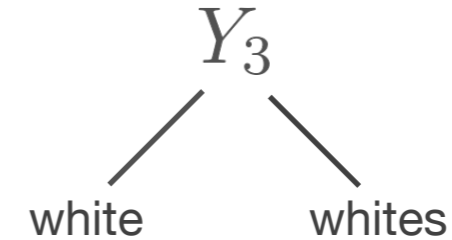
Clinton Topic

2: **muslims**, **islam**, islamic, gun, terrorism, war, military, iraq, terrorist, syria



Trump Topic

2: **muslims**, **islam**, united, ban, entering, islamic, muslim, terrorism, terrorist, terrorists

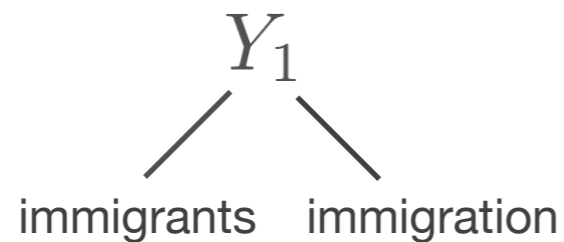


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Anchoring for Topic Representation

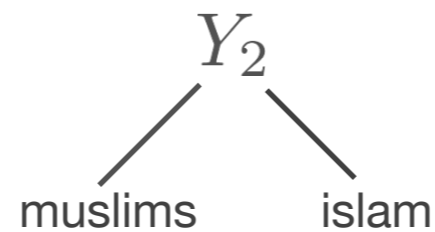
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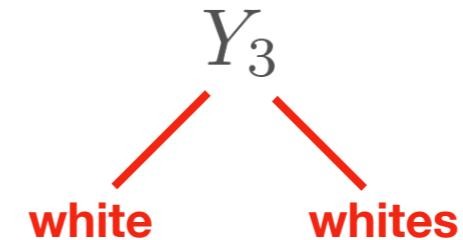
Clinton Topic

3: **white**, i, you, what, do, if, we, it's, like, people



Trump Topic

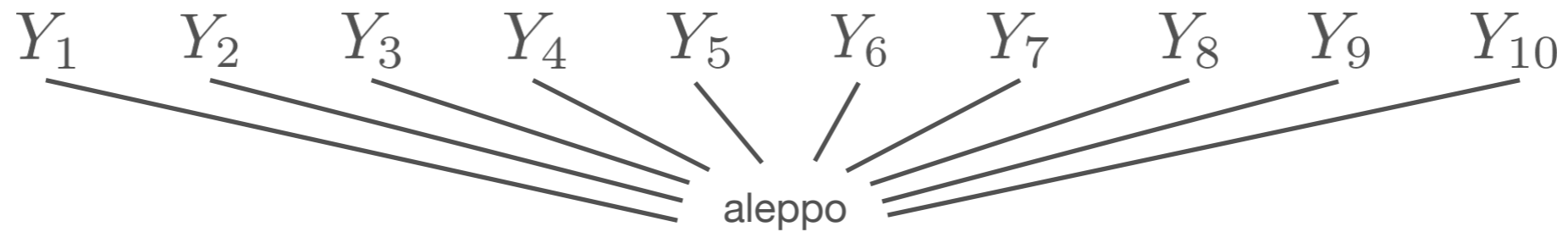
3: **white**, house, **whites**, supremacists, supremacist, duke, klan, klux, ku, supremacy



Work by Abigail Ross and the Computational Story Lab, University of Vermont

Anchoring for Topic Aspects

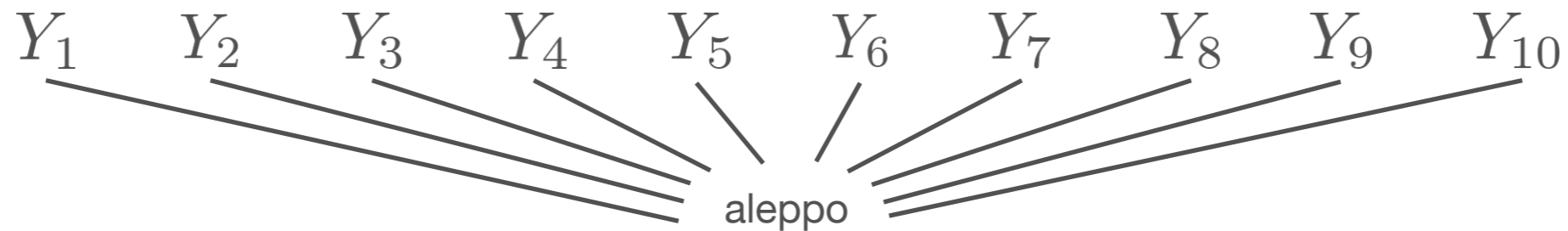
Data: ~1 million English newswire articles since June 2015 from countries in the Middle East



Work by Brendan Kennedy and Greg Ver Steeg, Information Sciences Institute

Anchoring for Topic Aspects

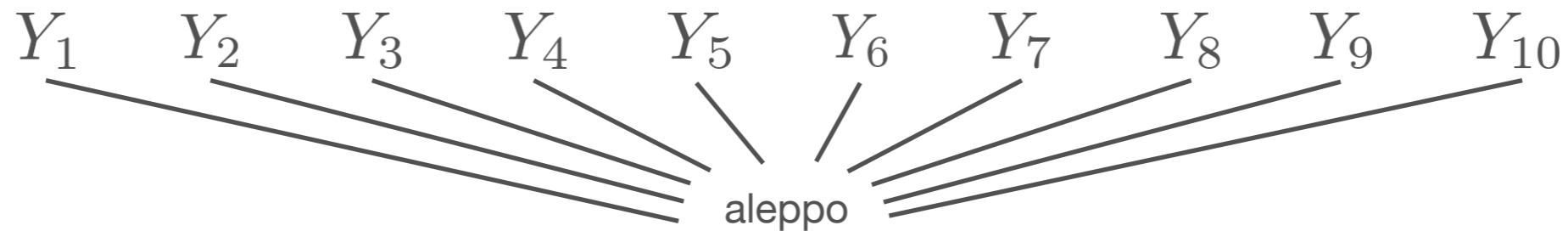
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Note: this data broadly covers the Middle East and a priori we do not expect 10 topics to emerge about Aleppo

Anchoring for Topic Aspects

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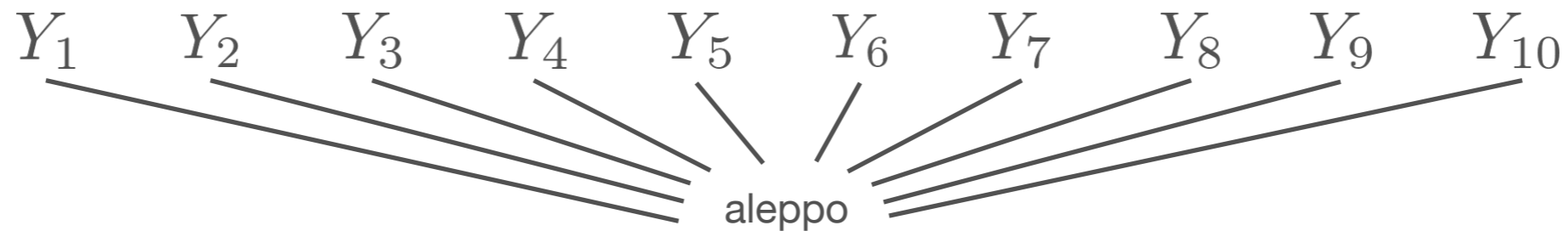


- 1: **aleppo**, killed, police, security, attack, state, arrested, authorities
- 2: **aleppo**, forces, syria, military, war, army, civilians, iraq, militants
- 3: **aleppo**, health, medical, food, care, water, small, conditions, treatment, patients
- 4: country, **aleppo**, east, across, group, region, middle
- 5: two, **aleppo**, took, another, place, taking, leaders
- 6: **aleppo**, russia, iran, barack, obama, moscow, washington, putin
- 7: **aleppo**, political, court, part, accused, opposition, called, saying, parliament, democratic
- 8: government, **aleppo**, minister, foreign, states, united, prime, UN, law, nations
- 9: **aleppo**, city, area, near, air, northern, least, town, eastern, injured
- 10: **aleppo**, people, children, human, rights, women, social, school, society, lives

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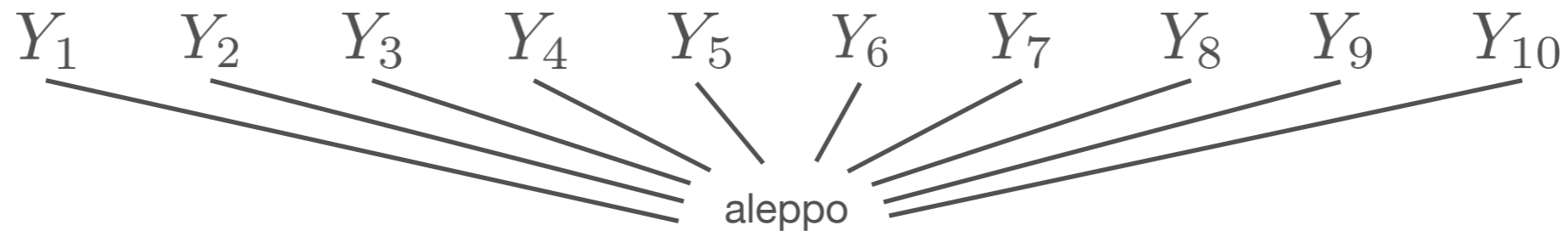
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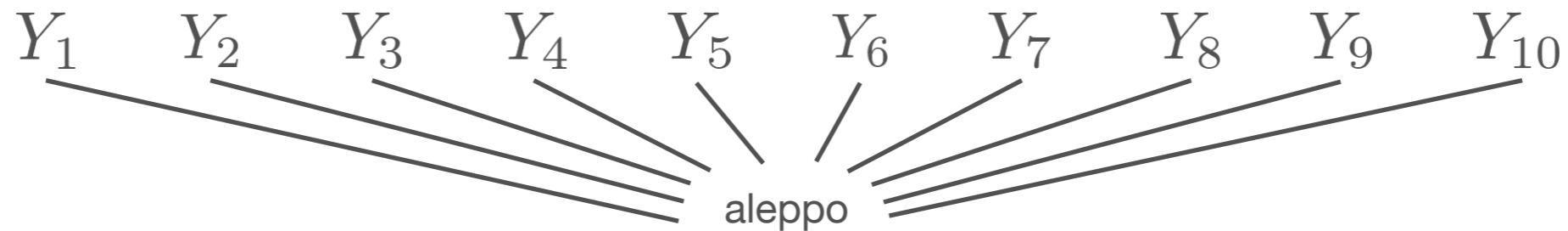
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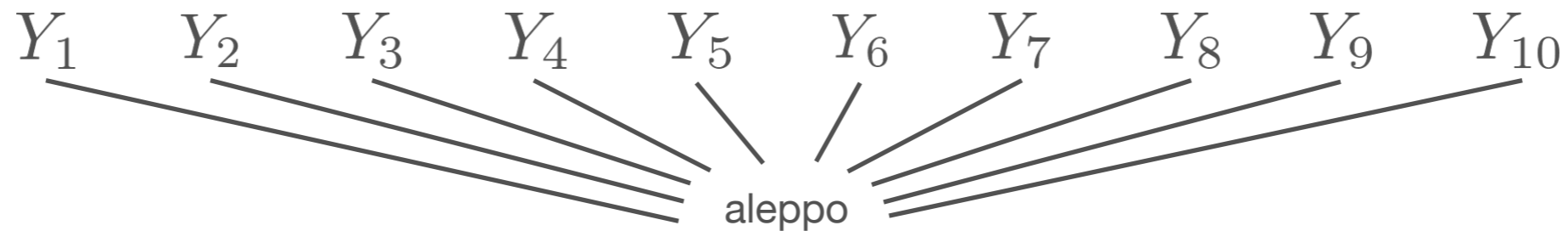
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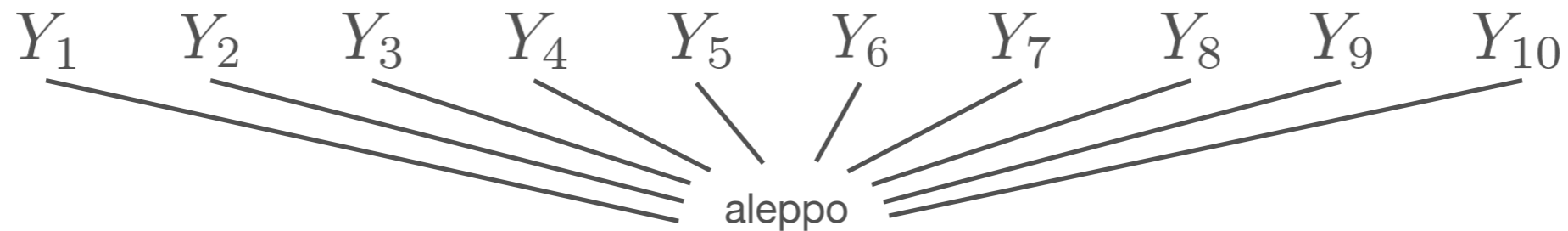
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Shape of the CorEx Topic Model to Come

CorEx Topic Model

By defining topics in terms of information content, the CorEx topic model takes a new perspective on topic modeling

CorEx is competitive with unsupervised and semi-supervised variants of LDA while making far fewer assumptions

Anchoring through the information bottleneck provides a flexible mechanism to retrieve topics of interest and inject expert domain knowledge

Future Work

Extend CorEx to efficiently learn multi-membership topics (*in progress*)

Incorporate count data into the CorEx topic model while preserving the benefits of the sparsity optimization

Code: github.com/gregversteeg/corex_topic

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Collaborators



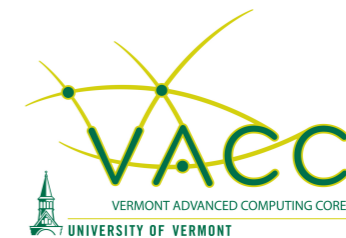
Greg Ver Steeg
Research Professor
Information Sciences Institute



David Kale
CS PhD Candidate
Information Sciences Institute



Kyle Reing
CS PhD Student
Information Sciences Institute



The anchored Clinton and Trump election article topics come from work by **Abigail Ross** and the **Computational Story Lab** at the University of Vermont's Complex Systems Center

Thank you for your time!

 @ryanjgallag
ryanjgallag@gmail.com

github.com/gregversteeg/corex_topic

CorEx Implementation

Update Equations

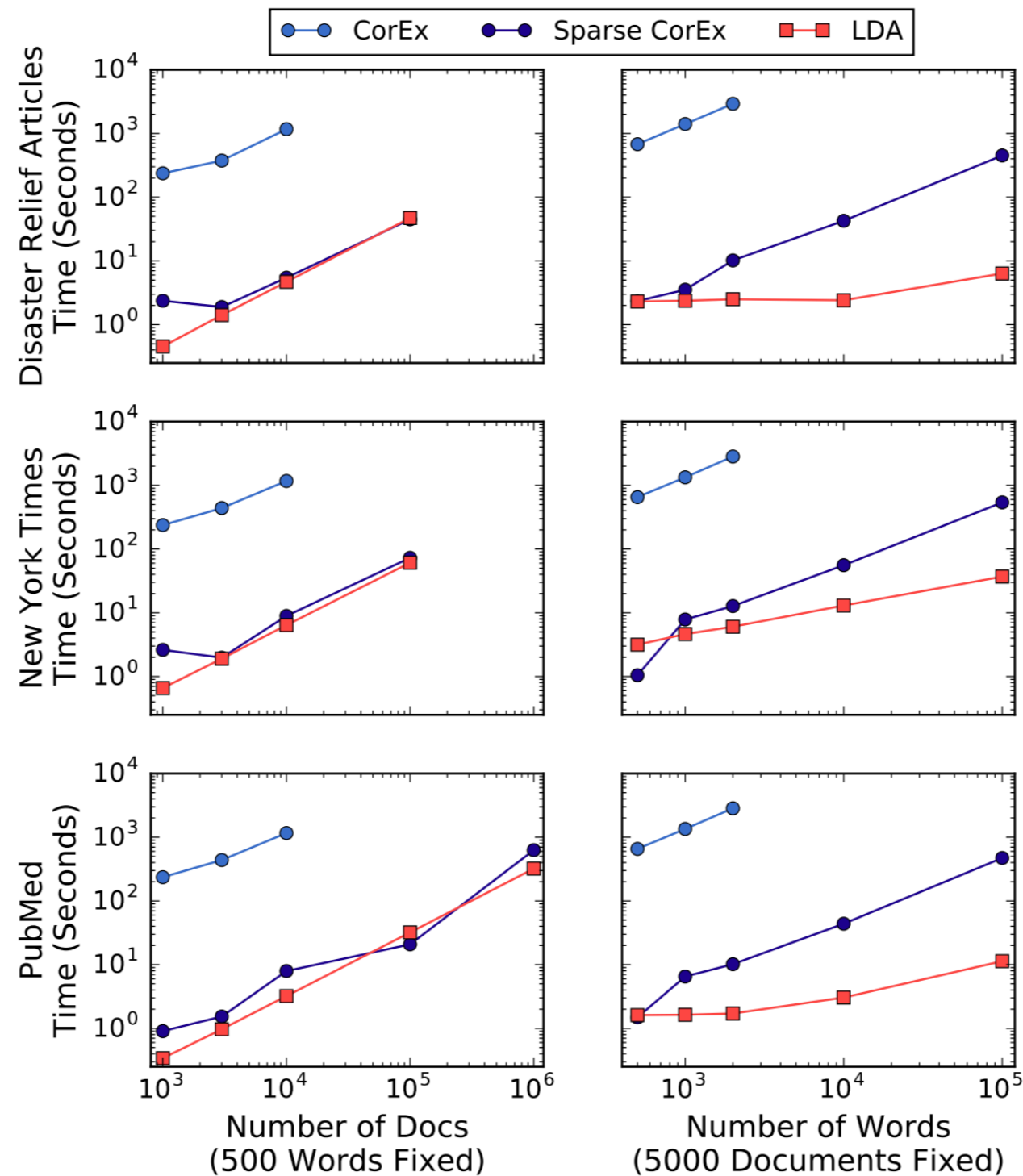
$$\left. \begin{aligned} p_t(y_j) &= \sum_{\bar{x}} p_t(y_j | \bar{x}) p(\bar{x}) \\ p_t(x_i | y_j) &= \sum_{\bar{x}} \frac{p_t(y_j | \bar{x}) p(\bar{x}) \mathbb{I}[\bar{x}_i = x_i]}{p_t(y_j)} \end{aligned} \right\} \text{Marginals in terms of the optimization parameter } p_t(y_j | x)$$
$$\log p_{t+1}(y_j | x^\ell) = \log p_t(y_j) + \sum_{i=1}^n \alpha_{i,j}^t \log \frac{p_t(x_i^\ell | y_j)}{p(x_i^\ell)} - \log \mathcal{Z}_j(x^\ell) \left\{ \text{Probabilistic labels for each latent factor given sample} \right.$$

Sparsity Optimization

$$\log \frac{p_t(x_i^\ell | y_j)}{p(x_i^\ell)} = \log \frac{p_t(X_i = 0 | y_j)}{p(X_i = 0)} + x_i^\ell \log \frac{p_t(X_i^\ell = 1 | y_j) p(X_i = 0)}{p_t(X_i = 0 | y_j) p(x_i^\ell = 1)}$$

Substituting above turns the sum into a matrix multiplication between a matrix of size (# docs) x (# types) and a matrix of size (# types) x (# topics)

Sparsity Optimization Speed Comparison



CorEx Example Topics

Data: news articles about Clinton and Trump, train one CorEx topic model for each corpus

Clinton Article Topics

1: server, department, classified, information, private, investigation, fib, email, emails, secretary

3: sanders, bernie, primary, vermont, win, voters, race, nomination, vote, polls

8: percent, poll, points, percentage, margin, survey, according, 10, polling, university

9: federal, its, officials, law, including, committee, staff, statement, director, group

13: islamic, foreign, military, terrorism, war, syria, iraq, isis, u, terrorist

14: trump, donald, trump's, republican, nominee, party, convention, top, election, him

Trump Article Topics

1: primary, party, win, cruz, delegates, voters, ted, nomination, republicans, vote

4: \$, tax, money, million, jobs, economic, companies, billion, pay, taxes

7: percent, poll, percentage, points, polls, survey, 10, polling, margin, according

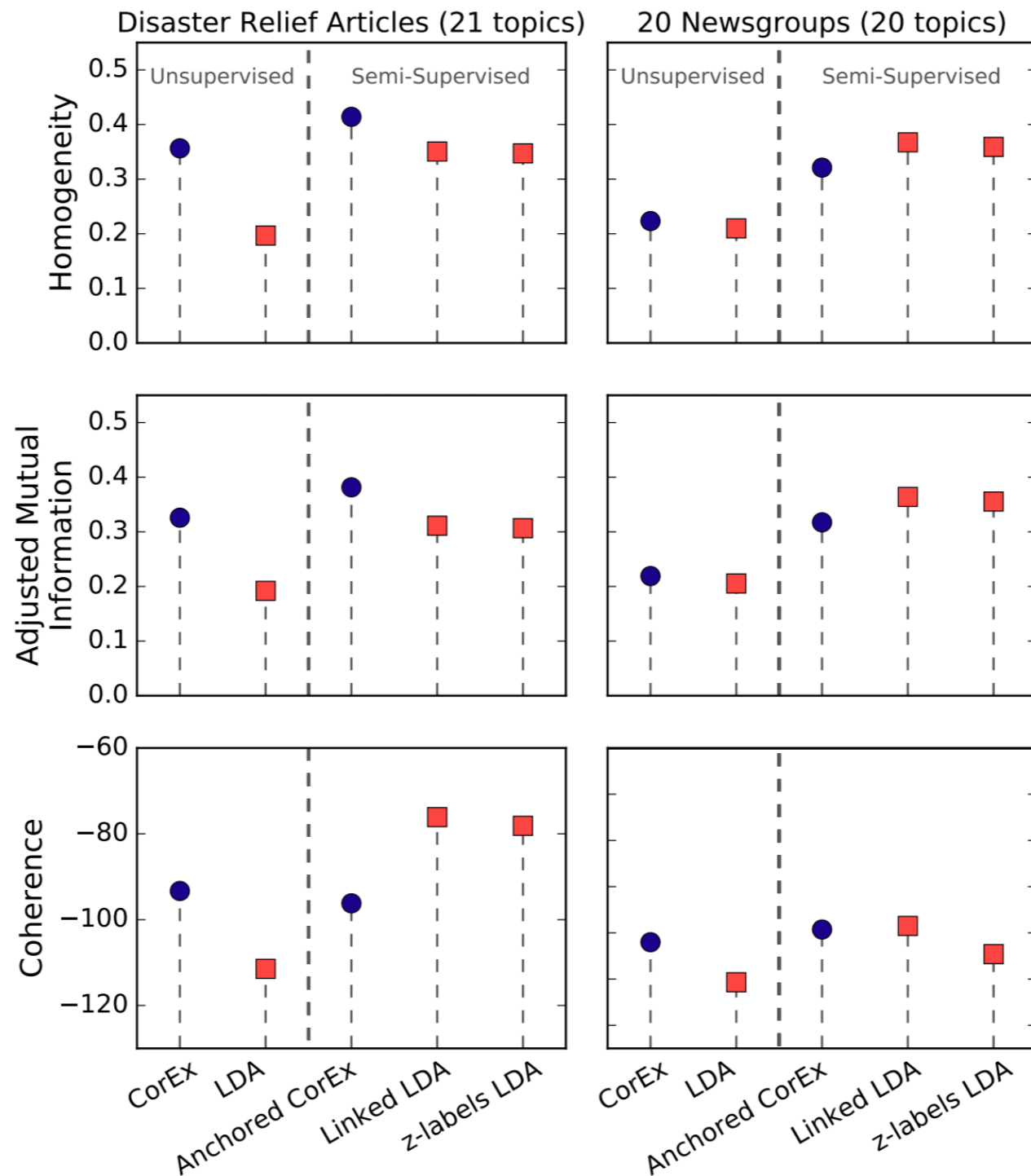
12: crowd, rally, night, event, speech, stage, audience, spoke, wife, took

14: rubio, marco, jeb, bush, carson, florida, ben, candidates, iowa, gov

25: clinton, hillary, bernie, sanders, democratic, clinton's, her, she, vermont, secretary

Work by Abigail Ross and the Computational Story Lab, University of Vermont

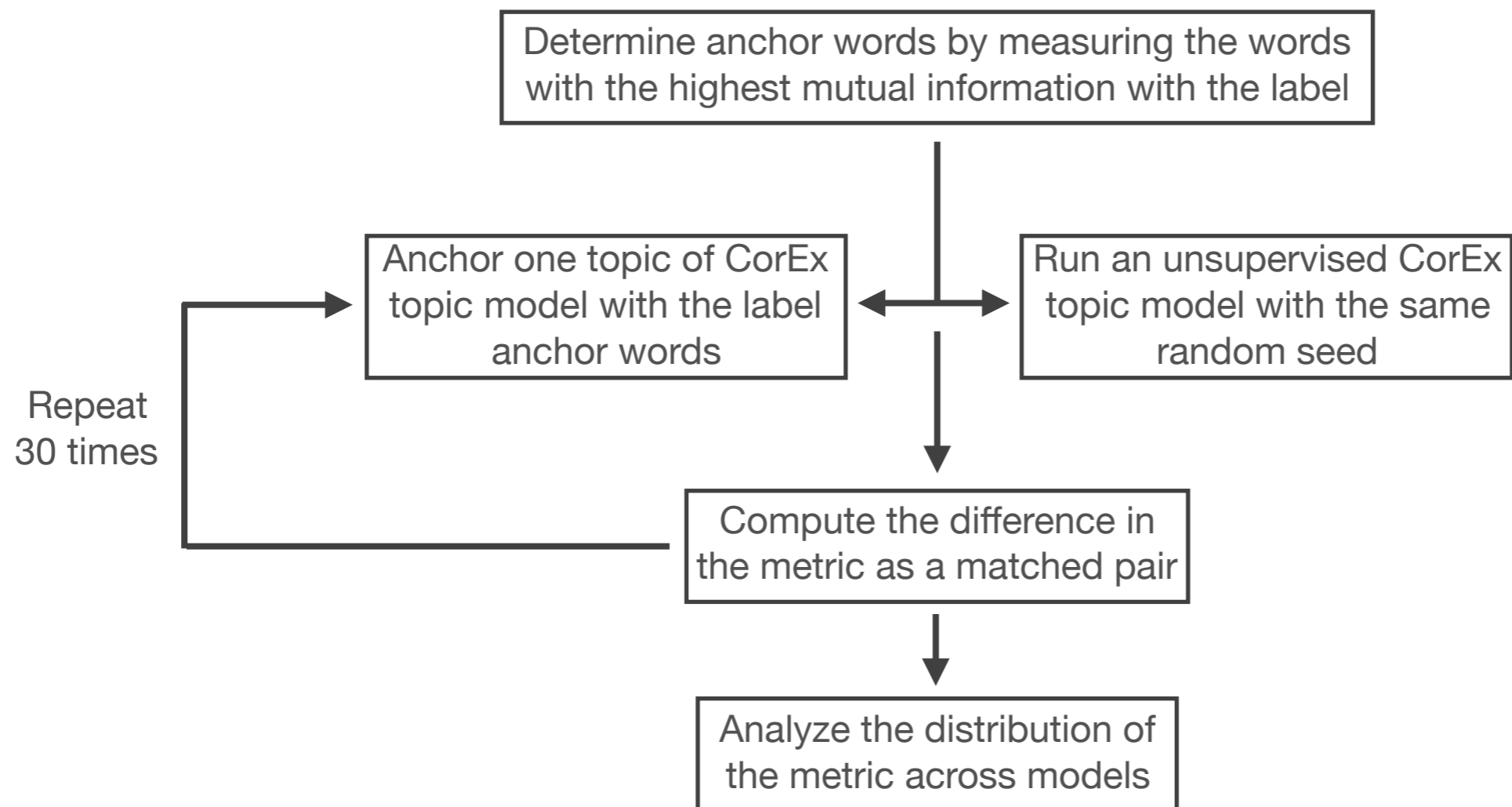
Comparisons to Semi-Supervised LDA



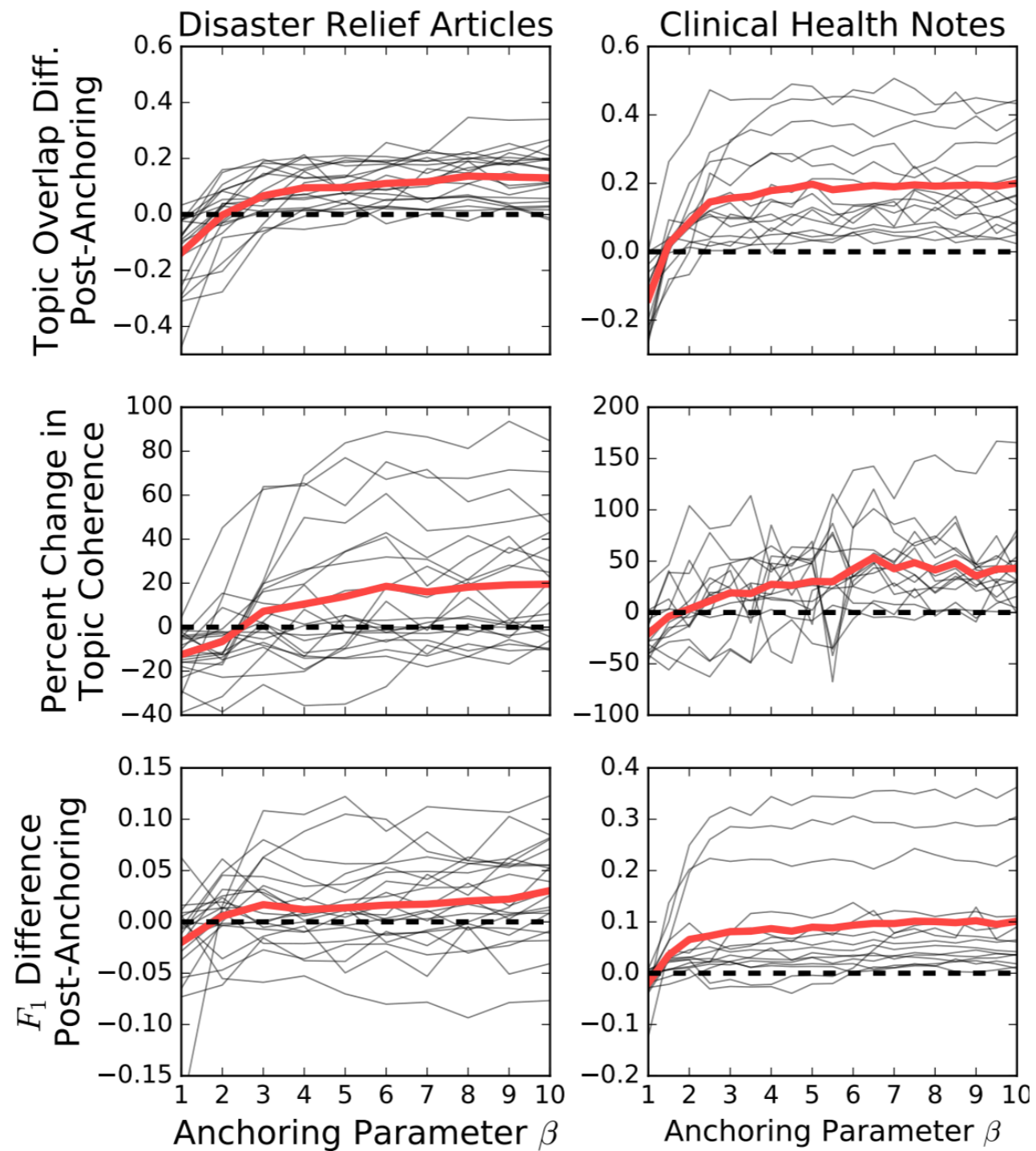
Anchoring Experiment

Data: HA/DR news articles and clinical health notes

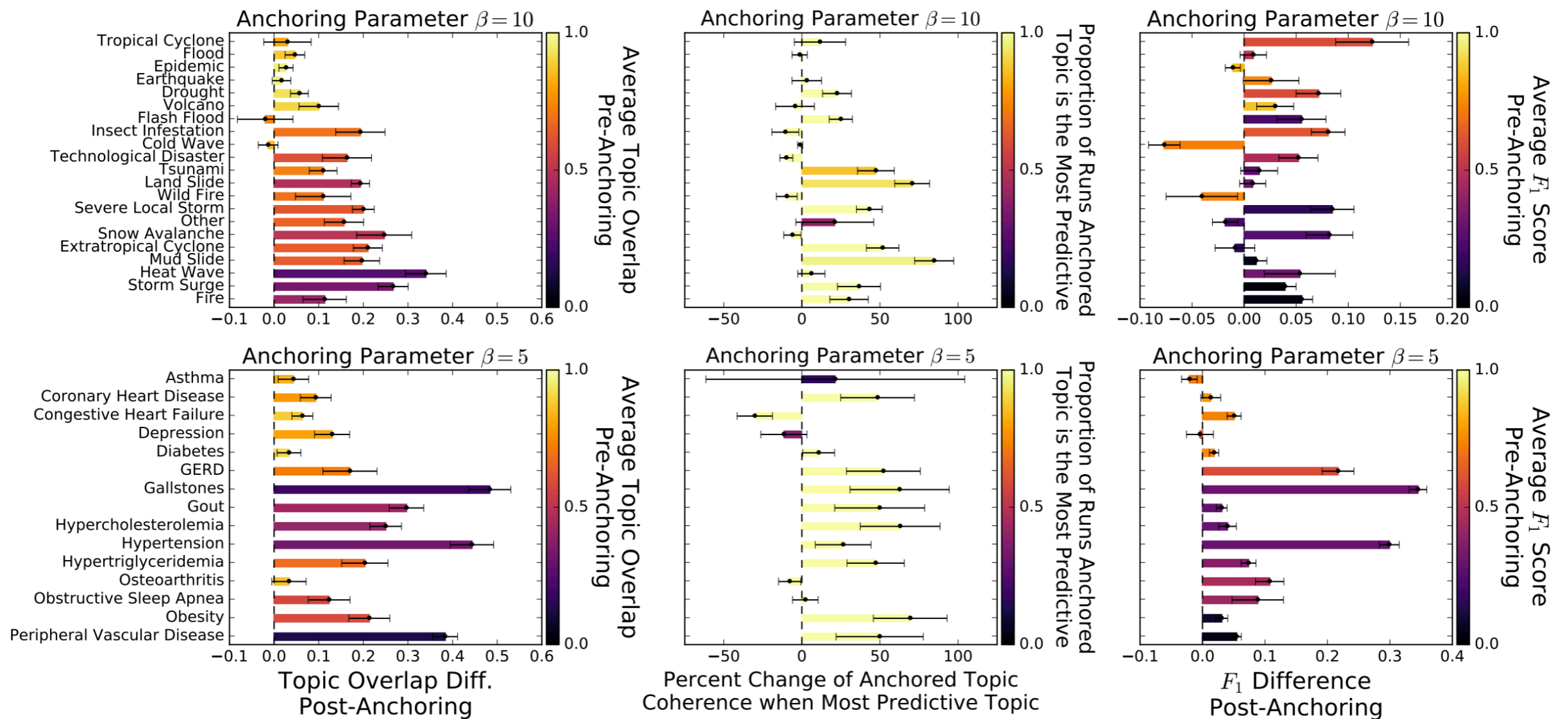
For each document label:



Anchoring Experiment: Effect of Parameter

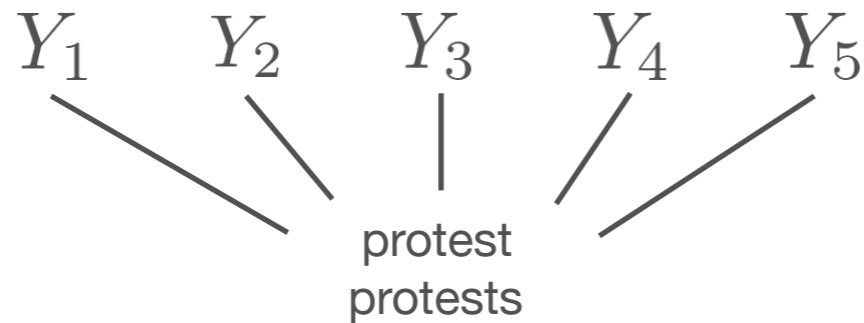


Anchoring Experiment: Heterogeneity of Effects



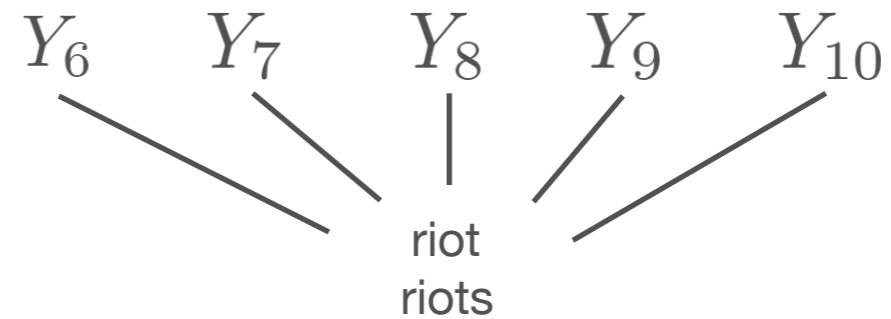
Anchoring for Topic Aspects

Data: ~870,000 unique tweets containing #Ferguson from Aug. 9th-Nov. 30th, 2014



“protest” Topics

- 1: protest, protests**, peaceful, violent, continue, night, island, photos, staten, nights
- 2: protest, protests**, #hiphopmoves, #cole, hiphop, nationwide, moves, fo, anheuser, boeing
- 3: protest, protests**, st, louis, guard, national, county, patrol, highway, city
- 4: protest, protests**, paddy, covering, beverly, walmart, wagon, hills, passionately, including
- 5: protest, protests**, solidarity, march, square, rally, #oakland, downtown, nyc, #nyc



“riot” Topics

- 6: riot, riots**, unheard, language, inciting, accidentally, jokingly, watts, waving, dies
- 7: riot, riots**, black, riots, white, #tcot, blacks, men, whites, race, #pjnet
- 8: riot, riots**, looks, like, sounds, acting, act, animals, looked, treated
- 9: riot, riots**, store, looting, businesses, burning, fire, looted, stores, business
- 10: gas, riot, tear, riots**, gear, rubber, bullets, military, molotov, armored